

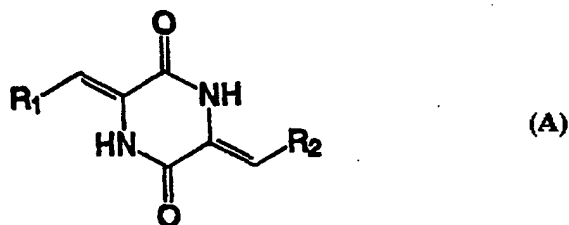


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| (21) International Application Number: PCT/GB95/00302 (22) International Filing Date: 14 February 1995 (14.02.95) (30) Priority Data: 9402807.3 14 February 1994 (14.02.94) GB (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): XENOVA LIMITED [GB/GB]; 240 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EF (GB). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): BROCCINI, Stephen, James [US/US]; 101 Forest Glen Drive, Highland Park, NJ 08904 (US). BRYANS, Justin, Stephen [GB/GB]; 240 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EF (GB). FOLKES, Adrian, John [GB/GB]; 240 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EF (GB). LATHAM, Christopher, John [GB/GB]; 240 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EF (GB). BRUMWELL, Julie, Elizabeth [GB/GB]; 240 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4EF (GB). (74) Agents: WOODS, Geoffrey, Corlett et al.; J.A. Kemp & Co., 14 South Square, Gray's Inn, London WC1R 5LX (GB). | | (81) Designated States: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> |

(54) Title: PHARMACEUTICAL PIPERAZINE COMPOUNDS**(57) Abstract**

A diketopiperazine of formula (A), wherein one or both of R_1 and R_2 , which may be the same or different, is: (I) X, or a phenyl group which is substituted by X, $C(O)X$, $OC(O)CH_2X$, OCH_2CH_2X , CH_2X , $CONH(CH_2)_nX$, $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nX$ or (a) or which is fused to a group X; (II) a phenyl group substituted by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$, $OC(O)(CH_2)_nZ$, $CH(OR_{12})(OR_{13})$, $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$ or $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$; (III) a group $CH=C(W)V$; or (IV) a cyclohexyl group; and where appropriate, the other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups independently selected from halogen, nitro, methoxy, $NHC(O)R_{12}$, CO_2H , $O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ and $CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$; R_3 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or $(CH_2)_nC(O)OR_{12}$; Y is O or S; Z is a C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl group; W is hydrogen or a phenyl group; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof having activity as inhibitors of plasminogen activator inhibitor.



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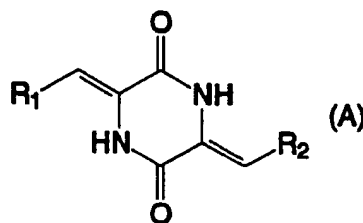
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PHARMACEUTICAL PIPERAZINE COMPOUNDS

The present invention relates to compounds useful as inhibitors of plasminogen activator inhibitor (PAI), to their preparation and to pharmaceutical and veterinary compositions containing them.

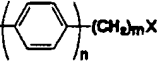
Plasminogen activators (Pas) are serine proteases which control the activation of the zymogen, plasminogen, to the active enzyme plasmin. Plasmin is important in a number of physiological and pathological processes including fibrinolysis, tissue remodelling, tumour growth and metastasis. The glycoprotein plasminogen activator inhibitor (PAI) is an endogenous fast-acting inhibitor of PA activity. PAI is a member of the serpin family and is synthesised by a variety of cells including endothelial cells. An imbalance between PAs and PAI contributes to a number of pathological conditions including haemostasis, inflammation, tumour growth and metastasis.

The present invention provides a diketopiperazine of formula (A):



wherein one or both of R₁ and R₂, which may be the same or different, is:

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(I) X, or a phenyl group which is substituted by X,
 $C(O)X$, $OC(O)CH_2X$, OCH_2CH_2X , CH_2X , $CONH(CH_2)_nX$,
 $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nX$ or $-C(O)NH-$  $(CH_2)_mX$

5 or which is fused to a group X;

(II) a phenyl group substituted by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$,
 $OC(O)(CH_2)_nZ$, $CH(OR_{12})(OR_{13})$, $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$, -
 $CH_2NR_{12}-(CH_2)_nNR_{15}R_{16}$ or $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$;

(III) a group $CH=C(W)V$; or

10 (IV) a cyclohexyl group;

and where appropriate, the other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl
 group optionally substituted by one or more groups
 independently selected from halogen, nitro, methoxy,
 $NHC(O)R_{12}$, CO_2H , $O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$,

15 C_1-C_4 alkyl and $(CH_2)_nC(O)OR_{12}$;

X is a naphthyl group or a five- or six-membered saturated
 or unsaturated heterocyclic group containing one or more
 heteroatoms, which heteroatoms may be the same or different
 and are independently selected from O, N and S; the

20 heteroatom(s) when nitrogen being optionally substituted by
 hydrogen, methyl, oxygen, tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl,
 $-(CH_2)_nCH_2OH$ or SO_2Me ; the heterocyclic ring being
 optionally substituted by halogen, Me, MeS, phenyl,

$O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$, $-N(R_{12})(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $-(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or

25 $-O(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, or the heterocyclic ring optionally
 containing one or more carbonyl groups and being optionally
 fused to a benzene ring, which benzene ring is optionally
 substituted by 1 or 2 C_1-C_6 alkoxy groups;

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Y is O or S;

Z is a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group;

R₁₂, R₁₃ and R₁₄, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

- 5 R₁₅ and R₁₆, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or R₁₅ and R₁₆ form, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group;

W is hydrogen or a phenyl group;

- 10 V is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups independently selected from nitro, alkoxy, O(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, and NR₁₂R₁₃; and m and n are each, independently, 0 or an integer having the value 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- 15 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

A C₁-C₆ alkyl group is, for example, a C₁-C₄ alkyl group, such as a methyl, ethyl, propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl group.

A halogen may be F, Cl, Br or I.

- 20 In compounds of formula A free rotation may occur at room temperature about the single bonds connecting substituents R₁ and R₂ to the double bonds at positions 3 and 6 of the piperazine-2,5-dione ring.

- In one embodiment at least one of R₁ and R₂, which may
25 be the same or different, is chosen from a naphthyl group, X, a phenyl group substituted by X, C(O)X, OC(O)CH₂X, OCH₂CH₂X, or CH₂X and a phenyl group which is fused to a group X; wherein X is a five- or six-membered saturated or

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unsaturated heterocyclic group containing one or two heteroatoms, which heteroatoms may be the same or different and are independently selected from O, N and S, the heteroatom(s) when nitrogen being optionally substituted by

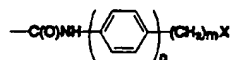
5 hydrogen, methyl, oxygen, tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl, $-(CH_2)_nCH_2OH$ or SO_2Me , the heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted by hydrogen, halogen, methyl, MeS , phenyl, $O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$, $O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or $-O(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$; the heterocyclic ring optionally

10 containing one or more carbonyl groups, and being optionally fused to a benzene ring; and the other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group optionally substituted at the 2, 3 or 4-position by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$, $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$, halogen, nitro, $-NHC(O)R_{12}$, $-O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or $-CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$

15 wherein Y is O or S. In a particularly preferred series of compounds the said other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group substituted at the 4-position by $-O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $-CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or $-(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$.

In a further embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is X, a

20 phenyl group substituted by X, $-CH_2X$, $-OCH_2CH_2X$, $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)CH_2X$ or



; wherein X is a 5

or 6-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic group as defined above which is optionally substituted and

25 optionally fused to a benzene ring, for instance a pyridyl, imidazolyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, thienyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl or indolyl group; and the other of R_1 and R_2 is

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a phenyl group optionally substituted at the 4-position by
 $-O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $-CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or
 $-(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$. In this embodiment it is
 particularly preferred for X to be a furyl, imidazolyl,
 5 pyrrolyl, thienyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl or isoquinolyl
 group.

In a further embodiment, R_{12} and R_{13} , which may be the
 same or different, are hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 alkyl and n is an
 integer of value 1 or 2.

10 In a yet further embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is a
 phenyl group which is substituted by X, $CO(X)$, $OCO(O)CH_2X$,
 OCH_2CH_2X , CH_2X or which is fused to a group X, wherein X is
 a five- or six-membered heterocyclic ring containing one or
 two heteroatoms which may be the same or different,
 15 independently selected from O, N and S, the heteroatom(s)
 when nitrogen being optionally substituted by methyl, and
 the heterocyclic ring being optionally fused to a benzene
 ring.

In another embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl
 20 group substituted by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$, $OC(O)(CH_2)_nZ$, $CH(OR_{12})(OR_{13})$,
 $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mN(R_{12}R_{13})$; wherein R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which
 may be the same or different, are independently selected
 from hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 alkyl; Z is a C_5 or C_6 cycloalkyl
 group; and m and n are, independently, integers having the
 25 values 1, 2 or 3.

In a further embodiment R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which may be
 the same or different, are independently selected from
 hydrogen and C_1 - C_2 alkyl; Z is a cyclopentyl group; and

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m and n are, independently, integers having the values of 1 or 2.

In a yet further embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups
5 independently selected from chloro, nitro, methoxy, NHCOR_{12} , CO_2H and $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{NR}_{12}\text{R}_{13}$; R_{12} and R_{13} , which may be the same or different, are independently selected from hydrogen or methyl and n is an integer having the value 1 or 2.

In another embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is a group
10 $\text{CH}=\text{C}(\text{W})\text{V}$, W is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one of more groups independently selected from nitro, methoxy and $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{NMe}_2$ and n is an integer having the value 1, 2, 3 or 4.

In a further embodiment n is 1 or 2.

15 In a yet further embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group optionally substituted by NHAc or methoxy.

In another embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is cyclohexyl and the other is a phenyl group optionally substituted by $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{R}_{12}$.

20 In a further embodiment one of R_1 and R_2 is cyclohexyl and the other is a phenyl group optionally substituted by $\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{Me}$.

In a further embodiment R_3 is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2$ alkyl or $(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}_{12}$; R_{12} is hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2$ alkyl and n is an
25 integer of value 1 or 2.

In a yet further embodiment R_3 is methyl or $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}_{12}$ and R_{12} is hydrogen or methyl.

Certain diketopiperazines have been disclosed as

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having utility as bioactive agents. Yokoi et al in J. Antibiotics vol XLI No. 4, pp 494-501 (1988) describe structure-cytotoxicity relationship studies on a series of diketopiperazines related to neihumicin, a compound
5 obtained from the micro-organism Micromonospora neihuensis. Kamei et al in J. Antibiotics vol XLIII No. 8, 1018-1020 disclose that two diketopiperazines, designated piperafazines A and B, have utility as potentiators of the cytotoxicity of vincristine.

10 Examples of specific compounds of formula A are as follows. The compound numbering is adhered to in the rest of the specification:

1926 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-imidazolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.

15 1930 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

1929 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(1-imidazolylmethyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

1959 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione hydrochloride.
20

1927 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(5-methylimidazolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.

1921 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-dimethylaminocinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

25 1976 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

1910 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-imidazolylethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

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- 1923 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-nitrocinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1657 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Aminomethylbenzylidene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 1693 (3Z,6Z)-3-(1-methanesulfonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1886 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(4-phthalimidoacetoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1922 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(γ -phenylcinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 1618 (3Z,6Z)-3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-6-(2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1560 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,6-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 1950 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-methoxycinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1975 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolylmethyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1983 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-N-methyl-N-(4-(N-methylpiperidinyl))aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 1509 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3-indolylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1542 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,6-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 25 1545 (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Indolylmethylene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1507 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(2-(1-

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- tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1506 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1471 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 1474 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1476 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 1672 (3Z,6Z)-3-(Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-cyclohexylmethylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1676 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-cinnamylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1891 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(diethoxymethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 1982 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(N-methyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione hydrochloride.
- 1884 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-cyclohexylmethylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
20. 1845 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1950 (3Z,6Z)-3-benzylidene-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-methoxycinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

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- 1718 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2-Indolylmethylene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1808 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 1809 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1470 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5023 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Dimethylaminomethylbenzylidene)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 5026 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5030 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 5367 (2-(4-((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline.
- 5386 N-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)ethyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 20 5397 N-(4-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)butyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 25 5027 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(4-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5028 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

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- 5041 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-furfurylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5042 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-Thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 5046 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(2-Thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5052 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-Furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5188 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-10 (2-Naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5200 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-(1-Naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5032 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino-2-hydroxypropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 5040 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-morpholinopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5057 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-(1-imidazolyl)propoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5043 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-(4-(2-20 hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazinyl)propoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5062 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5071 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-25 thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5072 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(5-methylthio-2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5054 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-

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- morpholinoethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5055 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy)benzylidene)2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5053 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy)benzylidene)2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5069 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxymethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5077 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxymethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5074 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5079 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2-Bromobenzylidene)-6-(4-dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5081 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5061 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5073 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthiomethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5078 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethylthiomethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1912 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-

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- dimethylaminoacetamidoaminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5324 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 5327 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5335 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5388 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-(2-
- 10 dimethylaminoethoxy)ethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5389 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(6-dimethylaminohexyloxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5299 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-
- 15 dimethylaminoethyl)methylamino-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5075 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,5-Dichloro-3-thenylidene)-6-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5371 N-(4-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)butyl)-4-
- 20 ((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 5391 N-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)ethyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 25 5394 N-(3-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)propyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 5393 N-(4-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-

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isoquinolyl)ethyl)phenyl-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

5402 N-(4-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)ethyl)phenyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-2,5-dioxo-6-(4-nitrobenzylidene)-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

Compounds of formula A, may be prepared by a process which comprises either (i) condensing compound of formula (I)



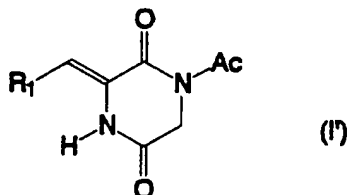
wherein R_2 is as defined above and is optionally protected, with a compound of formula (II):

15



wherein R_1 is as defined above and is optionally protected, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; or (ii) condensing a compound of formula (I'):

20



wherein R_1 is as defined above and is optionally protected, with a compound of formula (III):



wherein R_2 is as defined above and is optionally protected,

- 15 -

in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; and, in either case (i) or (ii), if required, removing optionally present protecting groups and/or, if desired, converting one compound of formula A into another compound of formula

5 A, and/or, if desired, converting a compound of formula A into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, and/or, if desired, converting a salt or ester into a free compound, and/or, if desired, separating a mixture of isomers of compounds of formula A into the single isomers.

10 A compound of formula A produced directly by the condensation reaction between (I) and (II) or (I') and (III) may be modified, if desired, by converting R_1 into a different R_1 group. These optional conversions may be carried out by methods known in themselves. For example, a

15 compound of formula A in which R_1 comprises an ester group may be converted to a compound of formula A wherein the corresponding substituent is a free -COOH or OH group, by acid or alkaline hydrolysis at a suitable temperature, for example from ambient temperature to 100°C.

20 A compound of formula A in which either or both of R_1 and R_2 includes an -OH group may be converted into a compound of formula A wherein the corresponding substituent is esterified, for example by treating with a suitable carboxylic acid in the presence of an appropriate coupling

25 agent, acid anhydride or acid chloride in an inert solvent.

A compound of formula A in which either or both of R_1 and R_2 includes a -CO₂H group may be converted into a

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compound of formula A wherein the corresponding substituent is esterified, for example by treating the carboxylic acid with a suitable C₁-C₆ alkyl alcohol in the presence of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in an inert solvent.

5 A compound of formula A in which either or both of R₁ and R₂ includes a free -CO₂H group may be converted into a compound of formula A in which the corresponding substituent is a group -CON(R₁₁R₁₂), wherein R₁₁ and R₁₂ are as defined above, for example by treatment with ammonia or
10 an amine in the presence of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in an inert solvent.

 A compound of formula A in which either or both of R₁ and R₂ includes a free -CO₂H group may be converted into a compound of formula A wherein the corresponding substituent
15 is a -CH₂OH group by reduction, for example using borane in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran.

 A compound of formula A in which either or both of R₁ and R₂ is a nitro group may be converted into a compound of formula A in which the corresponding substituent is an
20 amino group by reduction under standard conditions, for example by catalytic hydrogenation.

 Protecting groups for substituents on R₁ and/or R₂ in any of the compounds of formulae (I), (I'), (II) and (III) are optionally introduced prior to step (i) or step (ii)
25 when either or both R₁ and R₂ include one or more groups which are sensitive to the condensation reaction conditions or incompatible with the condensation reaction, for example a -COOH, -CH₂OH or amino group. The protecting groups are

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then removed at the end of the process. Any conventional protecting group suitable for the group R_1 and/or R_2 in question may be employed, and may be introduced and subsequently removed by well-known standard methods.

5 The condensation reaction between compounds (I) and (II) or (I') and (III) is suitably performed in the presence of a base which is potassium t-butoxide, sodium hydride, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, caesium carbonate, sodium acetate, potassium fluoride on alumina, 10 or triethylamine in a solvent such as dimethylformamide, potassium t-butoxide in t-butanol, or a mixture of t-butanol and dimethylformamide (DMF). The reaction is typically performed at a temperature from 0°C to the reflux temperature of the solvent.

15 The compounds of formula (I) may be prepared by a process comprising reacting 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with a compound of formula (III) as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Similarly, the compounds of formula (I') may be prepared by 20 a process which comprises reacting 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with a compound of formula (II) as defined above, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent.

 If necessary, the resulting compound of formula (I) or (I') can be separated from other reaction products by 25 chromatography.

 The reaction of 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione with the compound of formula (III) or (II) is suitably performed under the same conditions as described above for the

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condensation between compounds (I) and (II), or (I') and (III).

The substituted aldehydes of formulae (II) and (III) are known compounds or can be prepared from readily available starting materials by conventional methods. The 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione used as a starting material in the preparation of compounds of formula (I) may be prepared by treating 2,5-piperazinedione (glycine anhydride) with an acetylating agent. The acetylation may be performed using any conventional acetylating agent, for example acetic anhydride under reflux or, alternatively, acetic anhydride at a temperature below reflux in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine.

Compounds of formula (I) may also be prepared by the microwave irradiation of a mixture comprising 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (III) and potassium fluoride on alumina (as base) in the absence of solvent.

Compounds of formula (I) may alternatively be prepared directly from 2,5-piperazinedione (glycine anhydride) by a process which comprises treating the 2,5-piperazinedione with a mixture comprising a compound of formula (III), sodium acetate and acetic anhydride at an elevated temperature, for example under reflux.

Compounds of formula (I') may be prepared by analogous processes, replacing compound (III) in each case by a compound of formula (II).

Compounds of formula A may also be prepared by a

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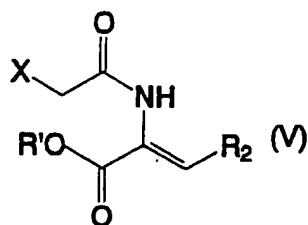
process comprising the microwave irradiation of (i) a mixture comprising a compound of formula (I) as defined above, a compound of formula (II) and potassium fluoride on alumina, or (ii) a mixture comprising a compound of formula (I') a compound of formula (III) and potassium fluoride on alumina, or (iii) a mixture comprising 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (II), a compound of formula (III) and potassium fluoride on alumina. The irradiation is performed in the absence of a solvent.

10 Compounds of formula (A) may also be obtained directly by a process which comprises condensing together 1,4-diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, a compound of formula (II) and a compound of formula (III) in the presence of a base in an organic solvent. Suitable bases, solvents and
15 reaction conditions are as described above for the condensation reaction between, for example, compounds (I) and (II).

 An alternative direct process for the preparation of compounds of formula (A) comprises condensing together 2,5-
20 piperazinedione, a compound of formula (II) and a compound of formula (III) in the presence of sodium acetate and acetic anhydride at elevated temperature, for example under reflux.

 An alternative process for the preparation of
25 compounds of formula (I) comprises treating a compound of formula (V):

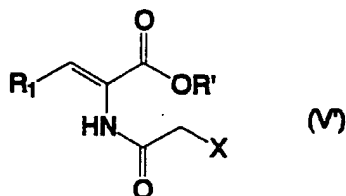
- 20 -



5

wherein R_6 to R_{10} are as defined above, X is a halogen and R' is a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group, with ammonia followed by acetic anhydride.

Compounds of formula (I') may be prepared by an
 10 analogous process which comprises treating a compound of formula (V'):



15

wherein R_1 to R_5 , X and R' are as defined above, with ammonia followed by acetic anhydride.

X in formula (V) or (V') is typically iodine. R' is, for example, a C_1 - C_4 alkyl group such as a methyl, ethyl,
 20 propyl, i-propyl, butyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl group.

A review of synthetic approaches to unsaturated 3-monosubstituted and 3,6-disubstituted-2,5-piperazinediones is provided in Heterocycles, 1983, 20, 1407 (C.Shin).

Compounds of formula (A) may be optionally washed
 25 after any of the above preparative procedures with one or more of the following: water, ethanol, ethyl acetate and diethyl ether.

Where appropriate compounds of formula (A) may be

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optionally recrystallised from a suitable solvent such as methanol or acetic acid.

Compounds of formula (A) may be converted into pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and salts may be
5 converted into the free compound, by conventional methods. Suitable salts include salts with pharmaceutically acceptable, inorganic or organic, acids or bases. Examples of inorganic bases include ammonia and carbonates, hydroxides and hydrogen carbonates of group I and group II
10 metals such as sodium, potassium, magnesium and calcium. Examples of organic bases include aliphatic and aromatic amines such as methylamine, triethylamine, benzylamine, dibenzylamine or α - or β -phenylethylamine, and heterocyclic bases such as piperidine, 1-methylpiperidine and
15 morpholine. Examples of inorganic acids include hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid and orthophosphoric acid. Examples of organic acids include p-toluenesulphonic acid, methansulphonic acid, mucic acid and succinic acid.

Compounds of formula (A) may also be converted into
20 pharmaceutically acceptable esters. Suitable esters include branched or unbranched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_6 alkyl esters, for example methyl, ethyl and vinyl esters.

The diketopiperazines of formula (A), both novel and
25 known and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters (referred to hereinafter as the "present compounds") have utility as inhibitors of PAI. Elevated levels of PAI-1, by reducing the net endogenous fibrinolytic capacity,

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can contribute to the pathogenesis of various thrombotic disorders including myocardial infarction, deep vein thrombosis and disseminated intravascular coagulation. The present compounds therefore can act as inhibitors of the tPA/PAI-1 interaction. The present compounds can be used in the treatment of haemostatic disorders. A human or animal, e.g. a mammal, can therefore be treated by a method comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a diketopiperazine of formula (A) or a pharmaceutically or veterinarily acceptable salt thereof.

Tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) is used as a fibrinolytic agent in the treatment of thrombotic disorders. The efficacy of the tPA in this role may be enhanced if it is administered together with a PAI inhibitor. A human or animal, e.g. a mammal, can therefore be treated by a method comprising the combined administration of a therapeutically effective amount of tPA and a therapeutically effective amount of any one of the present compounds. The present invention also provides products containing a diketopiperazine of formula (A) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof and tPA as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of thrombotic disorders, for example where there is inappropriate PAI activity. In such products the present compound is formulated for oral or parenteral (intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous) administration and the tPA is formulated for intravenous administration.

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As one example, during acute myocardial infarction (MI) one of the present compounds may be administered to a patient together with tPA to enhance the efficacy of the tPA treatment. As a further example, early re-occlusion following treatment of a patient with tPA may be prevented by the post-MI administration of one of the present compounds.

The compounds of formula (A) have been tested in a PAI functional assay. In this assay, a compound is incubated with PAI-1 prior to addition to the tPA assay system. Inhibition of PAI-1 results in the production of plasmin from plasminogen. In turn, plasmin cleaves the chromogenic substrate S2251 (Kabi Vitrum) producing pNA (p-nitroaniline) which is detected spectrophotometrically at 405 nm (K.Nilsson et al, Fibrinolysis (1987) 1, 163-168). The results of the assay are reported below.

The present compounds can be administered in a variety of dosage forms, for example orally such as in the form of tablets, capsules, sugar- or film-coated tablets, liquid solutions or suspensions or parenterally, for example intramuscularly, intravenously or subcutaneously. The present compounds may therefore be given by injection or infusion.

The dosage depends on a variety of factors including the age, weight and condition of the patient and the route of administration. Typically, however, the dosage adopted for each route of administration when a compound of the invention is administered alone to adult humans is 0.001 to

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10 mg/kg, most commonly in the range of 0.01 to 5 mg/kg, body weight. Such a dosage may be given, for example, from 1 to 5 times daily by bolus infusion, infusion over several hours and/or repeated administration.

5 When one of the present compounds is administered in combination with tPA to adult humans, the dosage adopted for each route of administration is typically from 0.001 to 10 mg, more typically 0.01 to 5 mg per kg body weight for a compound of the invention and from 5 to 500mg administered
10 intravenously for the tPA. A suitable dosage regimen for the tPA is 100 mg given intravenously over 3 hours as follows: 10% of the total dose as an i.v. bolus over 1-2 minutes, 50% of the total dose as an infusion over 1 hour, 40% of the total dose as an infusion over the subsequent 2
15 hours.

A diketopiperazine of formula (A) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof is formulated for use as a pharmaceutical or veterinary composition also comprising a pharmaceutically or
20 veterinarily acceptable carrier or diluent. The compositions are typically prepared following conventional methods and are administered in a pharmaceutically or veterinarily suitable form. An agent for use as an inhibitor of PAI comprising any one of the present
25 compounds is therefore provided.

For example, the solid oral forms may contain, together with the active compound, diluents such as lactose, dextrose, saccharose, cellulose, corn starch or

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potato starch; lubricants such as silica, talc, stearic acid, magnesium or calcium stearate and/or polyethylene glycols; binding agents such as starches, arabic gums, gelatin, methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose, or
5 polyvinyl pyrrolidone; disintegrating agents such as starch, alginic acid, alginates or sodium starch glycolate; effervescing mixtures; dyestuffs, sweeteners; wetting agents such as lecithin, polysorbates, lauryl sulphates. Such preparations may be manufactured in known manners, for
10 example by means of mixing, granulating, tableting, sugar coating, or film-coating processes.

Liquid dispersions for oral administration may be syrups, emulsions and suspensions. The syrups may contain as carrier, for example, saccharose or saccharose with
15 glycerol and/or mannitol and/or sorbitol. In particular, a syrup for diabetic patients can contain as carriers only products, for example sorbitol, which do not metabolise to glucose or which only metabolise a very small amount to glucose. The suspensions and the emulsions may contain as
20 carrier, for example, a natural gum, agar, sodium alginate, pectin, methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose or polyvinyl alcohol.

Suspensions or solutions for intramuscular injections may contain, together with the active compound, a
25 pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as sterile water, olive oil, ethyl oleate, glycols such as propylene glycol, and, if desired, a suitable amount of lidocaine hydrochloride. Some of the present compounds are insoluble

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in water. A compound may be encapsulated within liposomes.

TESTING OF THE PRESENT

COMPOUNDS AS PAI INHIBITORS

5 Compounds of formula (A) were tested in a PAI
chromogenic substrate assay. In the assay (K.Nilsson,
Fibrinolysis (1987) 1, 163-168) each compound was incubated
with PAI-1 prior to addition to the tPA assay system.
Inhibition of PAI-1 by the compound of formula (A) resulted
10 in the production of plasmin from plasminogen. In turn,
the plasmin cleaved the chromogenic substrate S2251 (Kabi-
Vitrum) producing pNA (p-nitroaniline) which was detected
spectrophotometrically at 405 nm.

The degrees of inhibition observed in the chromogenic
15 substrate assay at various concentrations, and/or IC₅₀
values, of compounds of formula (A) are presented in Table
1. IC₅₀ values for some compounds, not shown in Table 1,
are listed in Table 2 which follows Table 1.

20 TABLE 1: INHIBITION OF PAI-1 IN THE S2251
CHROMOGENIC SUBSTRATE ASSAY

| Compound No. | Concentration in μ m | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|----|----|------|------|
| | 100 | 50 | 25 | 12.5 | 6.25 |
| 1470 | 70 | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 1471 | 80 | 60 | 20 | 6 | 0 |
| 1474 | 64 | 52 | 28 | | |
| 1476 | 68 | 48 | 18 | | |
| 1506 | 75 | 58 | 26 | 4 | 2 |
| 1507 | 78 | 62 | 45 | 1 | 1 |

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| | | | | | | |
|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 1509 | 58 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 1542 | 75 | 41 | 9 | 1 | 1 |
| | 1545 | 87 | 64 | 39 | 5 | 1 |
| | 1560 | 50 | 48 | 46 | 34 | 13 |
| 5 | 1618 | 51 | 32 | 3 | 1 | |
| | 1649 | 34 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| | 1657 | 53 | 60 | 46 | 2 | |
| | 1672 | 70 | 44 | 13 | 4 | 1 |
| | 1676 | 29 | 51 | 52 | 12 | 1 |
| 10 | 1693 | 89 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| | 1718 | 62 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 1808 | 76 | 48 | 73 | 2 | 1 |
| | 1809 | 81 | 76 | 84 | 7 | 1 |
| | 1845 | 14 | 30 | 49 | 60 | 53 |
| 15 | 1884 | 40 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1886 | 42 | 40 | 18 | 6 | 0 |
| | 1891 | 28 | 36 | 17 | 3 | 3 |
| | 1910 | 27 | 36 | 50 | 61 | 63 |
| | 1912 | 30 | 55 | 29 | 22 | 17 |
| 20 | 1921 | 65 | 43 | 25 | 14 | 16 |
| | 1922 | 13 | 11 | 26 | 13 | 14 |
| | 1923 | 38 | 31 | 20 | 12 | 13 |
| | 1926 | 36 | 35 | 12 | 6 | 10 |
| | 1927 | 33 | 39 | 20 | 22 | 14 |
| 25 | 1928 | 67 | 60 | 47 | 24 | 19 |
| | 1929 | 27 | 45 | 59 | 48 | 16 |
| | 1930 | 54 | 61 | 79 | 38 | 30 |
| | 1959 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | 1975 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30 | 1976 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1950 | 19 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | 1982 | 48 | 49 | 28 | 6 | 1 |
| | 1983 | 34 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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| | Compound No. | Concentration in μM | | | IC_{50} |
|----|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 100 μM | 50 μM | 20 μM | |
| | 5023 | | | 1 | |
| | 5026 | 34 | | 10 | |
| 5 | 5027 | 12 | 8 | 8 | |
| | 5028 | 11 | 4 | 4 | |
| | 5030 | 20 | 7 | 6 | |
| | 5032 | 65 | 62 | 63 | 25.0-12.0 |
| | 5040 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 10 | 5041 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 5042 | 77 | 64 | 42 | 20.0-10.0 |
| | 5043 | 21 | 15 | 1 | |
| | 5048 | 55 | 19 | 11 | 100.0-50.0 |
| | 5052 | 77 | 76 | 86 | 12.0-6.0 |
| 15 | 5053 | 68 | 64 | 56 | 25.0-12.0 |
| | 5054 | 5 | 57 | 48 | 50.0-25.0 |
| | 5055 | 69 | 69 | 70 | 6.0-3.0 |
| | 5057 | 44 | 29 | 37 | |
| | 5061 | 43 | 48 | 60 | 25.0-12.0 |
| 20 | 5062 | 78 | 81 | 87 | 12.0-6.0 |
| | 5069 | 70 | 71 | 75 | 10.0-5.0 |
| | 5071 | 80 | 82 | 73 | 10.0-5.0 |
| | 5072 | 60 | 61 | 61 | 10.0-5.0 |
| | 5073 | 63 | 70 | 14 | 20.0-10.0 |
| 25 | 5074 | 47 | 57 | 26 | 20.0-10.0 |
| | 5075 | 88 | 88 | 52 | 25.0-12.0 |
| | 5077 | 34 | 46 | 42 | |
| | 5078 | 60 | 67 | 11 | 20.0-10.0 |
| | 5079 | 44 | 58 | 14 | 20.0-10.0 |
| 30 | 5081 | 25 | 34 | 50 | 6.0-3.0 |
| | 5188 | 90 | | 94 | 3.50 |
| | 5200 | 10 | | 10 | |
| | 5205 | 56 | | 33 | 100.0 |

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| | | | | | |
|----|----------|----|--|-----|-------|
| | 5206 | 72 | | 78 | 3.0 |
| | 5299 | | | | 7.00 |
| | 5324 | | | | 9.00 |
| | 5327 | | | 17 | |
| 5 | 5335 | | | | 22.0 |
| | 5367 | | | | 18.00 |
| | 5371 | | | | 12.00 |
| | 5376 | | | | 12.00 |
| | 5379 | | | 65 | 15.00 |
| 10 | 5386 | | | | 18.00 |
| | 5388 | | | 58 | 9.00 |
| | 5388.HCl | | | 60 | 12.00 |
| | 5389 | | | 55 | 2.50 |
| | 5389.HCl | | | 57 | 2.50 |
| 15 | 5391 | | | 64 | 6.50 |
| | 5391.HCl | | | 100 | 3.50 |
| | 5393 | | | 76 | 14.00 |
| | 5393.HCl | | | 58 | 20.00 |
| | 5394 | | | 59 | 16.00 |
| 20 | 5394.HCl | | | 62 | 17.00 |
| | 5397 | | | 42 | |
| | 5397.HCl | | | 21 | |
| | 5402 | | | 37 | |
| 25 | 5402.HCl | | | 37 | |

TABLE 2

| | Compound No. | IC50 (μ m) |
|----|--------------|-----------------|
| | 1470 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| 30 | 1471 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1474 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1476 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1506 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1507 | 25.0 - 50.0 |

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| | | |
|----|------|--------------|
| | 1509 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1542 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1560 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1618 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| 5 | 1652 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1657 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1672 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1676 | 12.0 - 25.0 |
| | 1693 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| 10 | 1718 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| | 1808 | 25.0 - 12.0 |
| | 1809 | 25.0 - 12.0 |
| | 1845 | 10.0 - 5.0 |
| | 1888 | 50.0 - 100.0 |
| 15 | 1910 | 5.0 - 10.0 |
| | 1912 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1921 | 100.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1928 | 25.0 - 50.0 |
| | 1929 | 25.0 - 12.0 |
| 20 | 1930 | 25.0 - 12.0 |
| | 1982 | 50.0 - 25.0 |

25

Reference Example 1: Preparation of (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione (25.0g, 126 mmol), which is compound (8) mentioned in Reference Example 3, was heated at 120-130°C in DMF (200 ml) with triethylamine (17.6 ml, 126 mmol) and benzaldehyde (13.0 ml, 126 mmol). After 4 h the mixture was cooled to room temperature and

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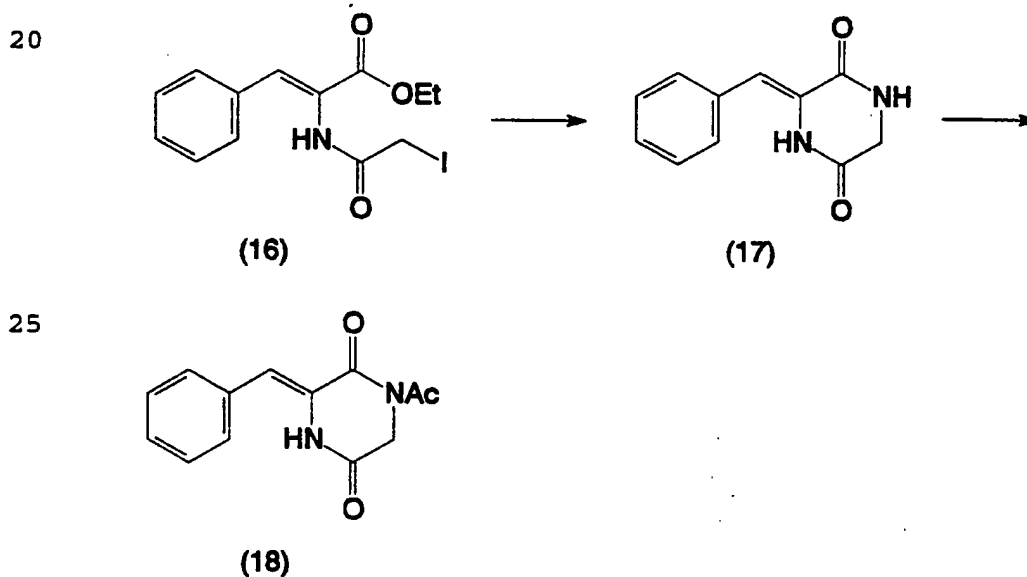
poured into EtOAc (1000 ml), and washed three times with brine. Any solid formed at this stage was filtered off. The filtrate was dried (MgSO_4) and the solvent removed in vacuo. The residue was recrystallised from EtOAc:Hexane to
 5 give 11.78 g (38%) of the title compound as a yellow solid.

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ =2.69 (3H, s) 4.54 (2H, s) 7.20 (1H, s) 7.40 (3H, m), 7.48 (2H, m), 7.93 (1H, br.s)

MS (DCI, NH_3): 262 (MNH_4^+ , 20%), 245 (MH^+ , 53%),
 10 220 (52%), 204 (100%), 203 (100%)

| Microanalysis | C | H | N |
|---------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calc | 63.93 | 4.95 | 11.47 |
| Found | 64.11 | 5.02 | 11.41 |
| 15 Found | 64.05 | 4.90 | 11.44 |

Alternatively (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione can be produced as follows:



- 32 -

Compound 16 is treated with ammonia and subsequently with acetic anhydride to yield the title compound.

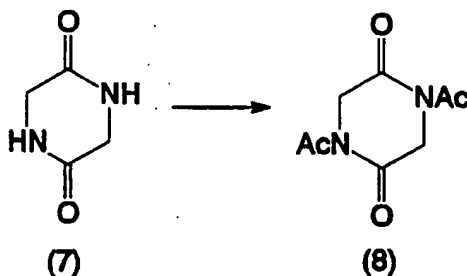
Reference Example 2: Preparation of (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-acetamidobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione (10.0g, 50 mmol), prepared by the published procedure mentioned in Example 3, was stirred in DMF (40 ml) with 4-acetamidobenzaldehyde (8.24 g, 50 mmol) and triethylamine (7 ml, 50 mmol) and heated to 120°C. After 2½ h the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EtOAc (100 ml) and stirred overnight. The solid formed was collected, washed with EtOAc and dried to give 8.46 g (56%) of a yellow solid.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃+TFA, 400 MHz) δ=2.32 (3H, s) 2.72 (3H, s) 4.68 (2H, s) 7.36 (1H, s) 7.45 (2H, d, J=8Hz) 7.60 (2H, d, J=8Hz)

| Microanalysis | C | H | N |
|---------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calc | 59.80 | 5.02 | 13.95 |
| Found | 60.08 | 5.09 | 13.89 |
| | 60.11 | 5.07 | 13.86 |

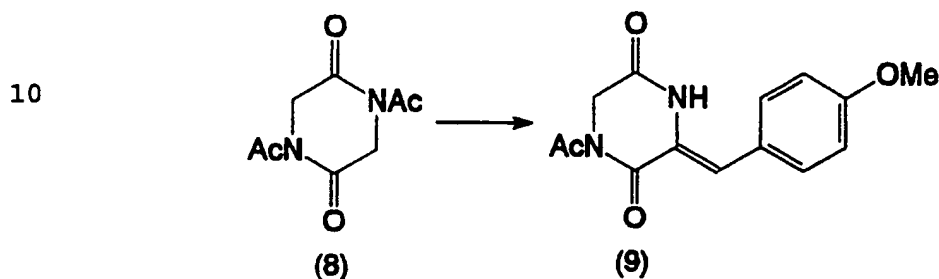
Reference Example 3: Preparation of 1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione



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1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazine dione (8) was prepared by the published procedure (S.M. Marcuccio and J.A. Elix, Aust. J. Chem., 1984, 37, 1791).

5 Reference Example 4: (3Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione



15 (3Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (9) was prepared by the published procedure (T. Yokoi, L-M. Yang, T. Yokoi, R-Y. Wu, and K-H. Lee, J. Antibiot., 1988, 41, 494).

20 Reference Example 5: Preparation of (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(2,6-dichlorobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione prepared by the published procedure mentioned in Reference Example 3, was
25 stirred in DMF with 2,6-dichlorobenzaldehyde and triethylamine and heated to 120-130°C for 1-3h. The title compound was obtained with a yield of 40%.

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Reference Example 6: Preparation of (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

5 1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, prepared by the published procedure mentioned in Reference Example 3, was stirred in DMF with 4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxybenzaldehyde and triethylamine and heated to 120-130°C for 2-4h to give the title compound.

10 By the same method, using 4-(2-dimethylamino)ethoxybenzaldehyde in place of the above-mentioned aldehyde, (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-(2-dimethylamino)ethoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione was prepared.

15

Reference Example 7: (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Hydroxybenzylidene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione

(3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Acetoxybenzylidene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione was treated with aqueous sodium hydroxide in THF at room temperature for 8 hrs to give the title compound (1519) in 30% yield.

Example 1: Preparation of 1470

25 3(Z)-1-Acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione (one equivalent), which is compound 18 prepared according to Reference Example 1, was treated with 1-tert-butoxycarbonylpyrrole-2-carboxaldehyde in the presence of

- 35 -

Cs_2CO_3 (1-1.1 equivalents) in DMF at 80-100°C for 1-6 hours. The title compound was obtained in 24% yield.

The crude product was optionally, washed with water, methanol, ethyl acetate or diethylether and optionally
5 recrystallised from methanol as appropriate.

By the same method, but replacing 1-tert-butoxycarbonylpyrrole-2-carboxaldehyde by the appropriately substituted aldehyde or benzaldehyde, the following compounds were prepared:

10

15

20

25

30

| Compound | Yield (%) |
|----------|-----------|
| 1471 | 52 |
| 1652 | 37 |
| 1983 | 45 |
| 1921 | 54 |
| 1922 | 43 |
| 1924 | 44 |
| 1910 | 31 |
| 1926 | 27 |
| 1927 | 26 |
| 1928 | 20 |
| 1929 | - |
| 1930 | - |
| 1912 | 33 |
| 5032 | 50 |
| 5040 | 45 |
| 5043 | 24 |
| 5053 | 44 |
| 5054 | 22 |
| 5057 | 43 |
| 5058 | 16 |

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Example 2: Preparation of 1474

3(Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione prepared according to Reference Example 4, was treated with 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in the presence of Cs₂CO₃ (1-1.1 equivalents) in DMF at 80-100°C for 1-6 hours. The title compound was obtained in 76% yield.

By the same method, but replacing 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde by the appropriately substituted aldehyde, the following compounds were prepared:

| Compound | Yield (%) |
|----------|-----------|
| 1476 | 54 |
| 1479 | 84 |
| 1506 | 67 |
| 1507 | 7 |

The crude product was optionally washed with water, methanol, ethyl acetate and diethylether and optionally recrystallised from acetic acid or methanol as appropriate.

Example 3: Preparation of 1884

3(Z)-1-Acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione (1 equivalent), prepared according to Reference Example 1, was treated with cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde (4 equivalents) in the presence of 0.5M potassium tert-butoxide in tertiary butanol (2 equivalents) in DMF at 0-100°C for 2 hours. The title compound was obtained with a yield of 58%. Purification was effected by recrystallisation from acetic acid.

1672 was prepared as above but replacing the 3(Z)-1-

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acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione with 3(Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-acetamidobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione. The reaction was maintained for 18 hours. A low yield was obtained.

5

Example 4: Preparation of 1676

1-Acetyl-3-(4-acetamidobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (one equivalent), prepared according to Reference Example 2, was treated with cinnamaldehyde in the presence of Cs₂CO₃ (1-1.1 equivalents) in DMF at 80-100°C for 1-6 hours. The title compound was obtained in 46% yield.

15 **Example 5: Preparation of 1618**

1,4-Diacetyl-2,5-piperazinedione, prepared by the published procedure mentioned in Reference Example 3, was stirred in DMF with 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde (1 equivalent) and triethylamine (1 equivalent) at 120°C for 2-4h. (3Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione was obtained with a yield of 36%.

(3Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (1 equivalent) was stirred in DMF with 3-1-tert-butoxycarbonylindole-3-carboxyaldehyde (1 equivalent) in the presence of Cs₂CO₃ (1-1.1 equivalents) at 80-100°C for 2-3h. The title compound was obtained with a yield of 14%.

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Example 6: Preparation of 1542

3(Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(2,6-dichlorobenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (1 equivalent), prepared according to Reference Example 5 was treated with 3-furaldehyde (1
5 equivalent) in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 (1-1.1 equivalents) in DMF at 80-100°C for 2-5 hours. The title compound was obtained in 46% yield.

By the same method, but replacing 3-furaldehyde by the appropriately substituted aldehyde, 1560 was obtained
10 with a yield of 39%.

Example 7: Preparation of 1982

3(Z)-1-Acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione (1 equivalent), as prepared in Reference Example 1, was
15 treated with 4-(N-(3-dimethylaminoethyl)-N-methyl)aminomethylbenzaldehyde in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 (1-1.1 equivalents) in DMF at 80-100°C for 1-6h to give (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(N-dimethylaminoethyl)-N-methyl)aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione in a
20 yield of 50%.

Compound 1982, the hydrochloride salt of (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(N-(3-dimethylaminoethyl)-N-methyl)aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione, was prepared by bubbling HCl gas through a solution of the
25 corresponding free base in THF, followed by evaporation to dryness. The yield was 45%.

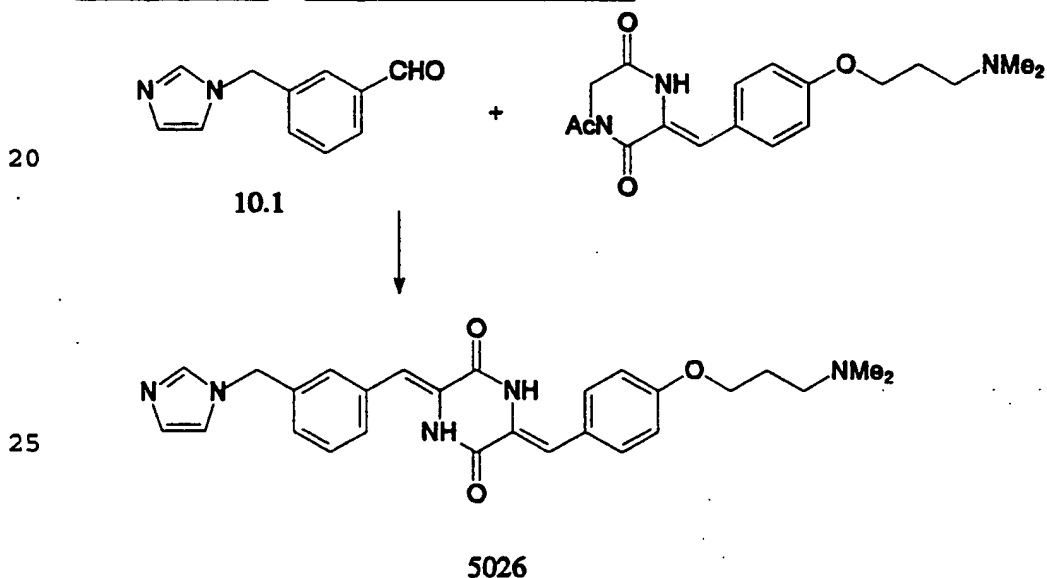
- 39 -

Example 8: Preparation of 1976

3 (Z)-1-Acetyl-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione (1 equivalent), prepared according to Reference Example 6 was
5 treated with 3-(imidazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (1 equivalent) in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 (1-1.1 equivalent) in DMF at 80-90°C for 2-4 hours. The title compound was obtained in 52% yield.

Example 9: Preparation of 1886

1519 (1 equivalent), prepared in Reference Example 7, was treated in DMF with sodium hydride (1 equivalent) and N-phthaloylglycyl chloride (1 equivalent) in DMF at room temperature for 4h. The title compound was obtained with a
15 yield of 30%.

Example 10: Preparation of 5026

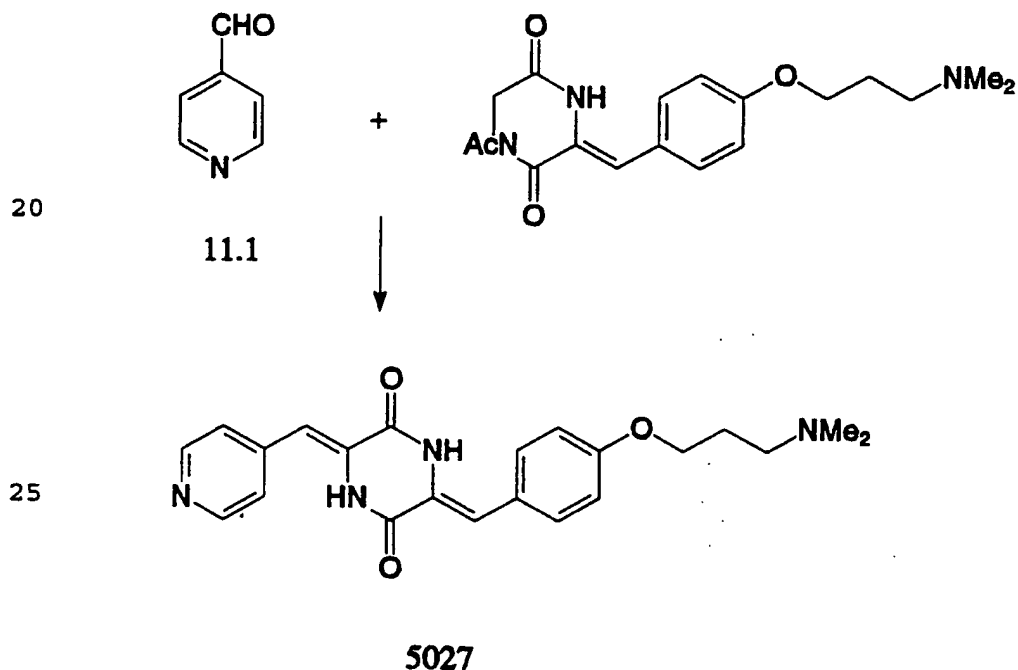
- 40 -

(3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxy-benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione, prepared as in Reference Example 6, was treated with compound 10.1 in dimethylformamide (DMF) in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at a temperature of 80°C-90°C for 2-4 hours. Compound 5026 was obtained in 95% yield.

By an analogous process, using the appropriately substituted benzaldehyde in place of compound 10.1, the following compounds were prepared:

| Compound No. | Yield % |
|--------------|---------|
| 5030 | 30 |
| 5048 | 72 |
| 5188 | 70 |

Example 11: Preparation of 5027



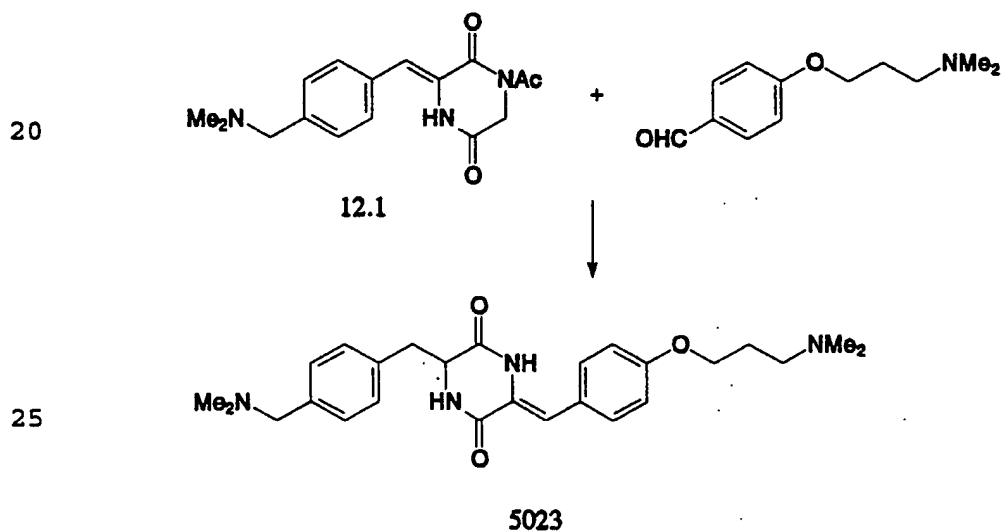
- 41 -

(3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione, prepared as in Reference Example 6, was treated with compound 11.1 in DMF in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at 80°C-90°C for 2-4 hours. Compound 5027 was produced in 33% yield.

By the same method, but replacing 11.1 by the appropriately substituted aldehyde, the following compounds were prepared:

| Compound No. | Yield (%) |
|--------------|-----------|
| 5028 | 44 |
| 5029 | 25 |
| 5041 | 39 |
| 5042 | 39 |
| 5046 | 37 |
| 5052 | 58 |

Example 12: Preparation of 5023



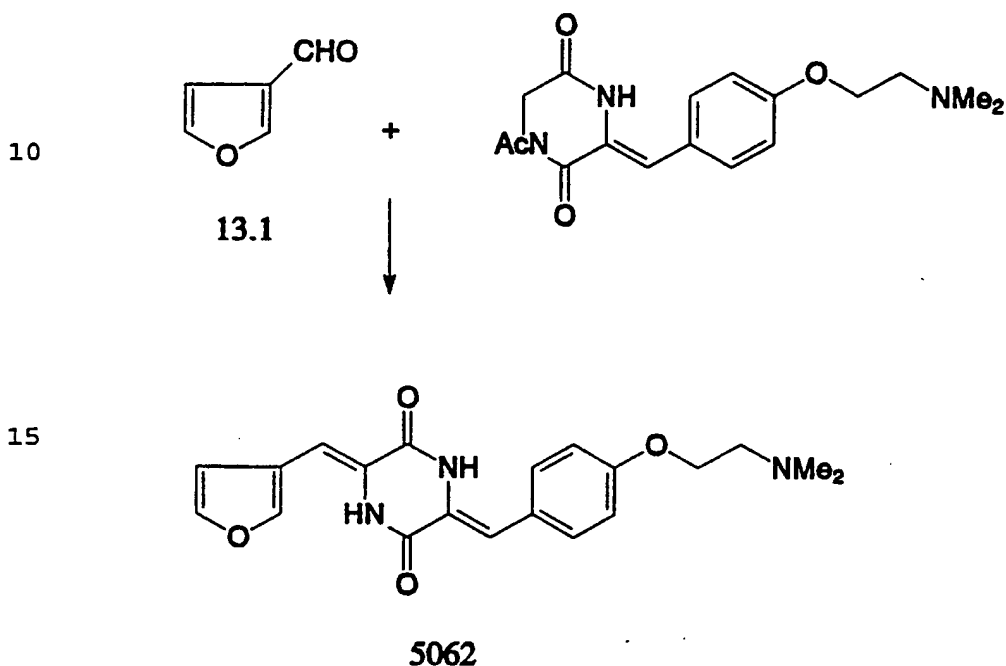
- 42 -

Compound 12.1 was treated with 4-(3-dimethylamino)propoxybenzaldehyde in DMF in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at a temperature of 80°C - 90°C for 2-4 hours.

Compound 5023 was obtained in 36% yield..

5

Example 13: Preparation of 5062



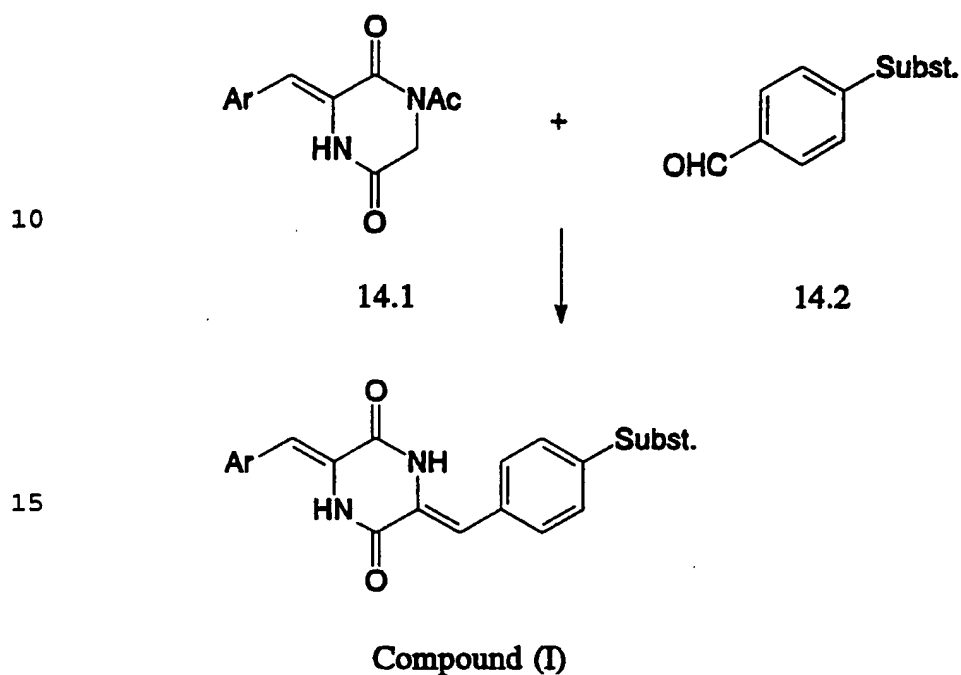
20 (3Z)-1-acetyl-3-(4-(2-dimethylamino)ethoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione, prepared as in Reference Example 6, was treated with compound 13.1 in DMF in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at a temperature of 80°C - 90°C for 2-4 hours. Compound 5062 was obtained in 12% yield.

25 By the same method, but using the appropriately substituted aldehyde in place of compound 13.1, the following compounds were prepared:

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| Compound No. | Yield (%) |
|--------------|-----------|
| 5071 | 41 |
| 5072 | 86 |

5

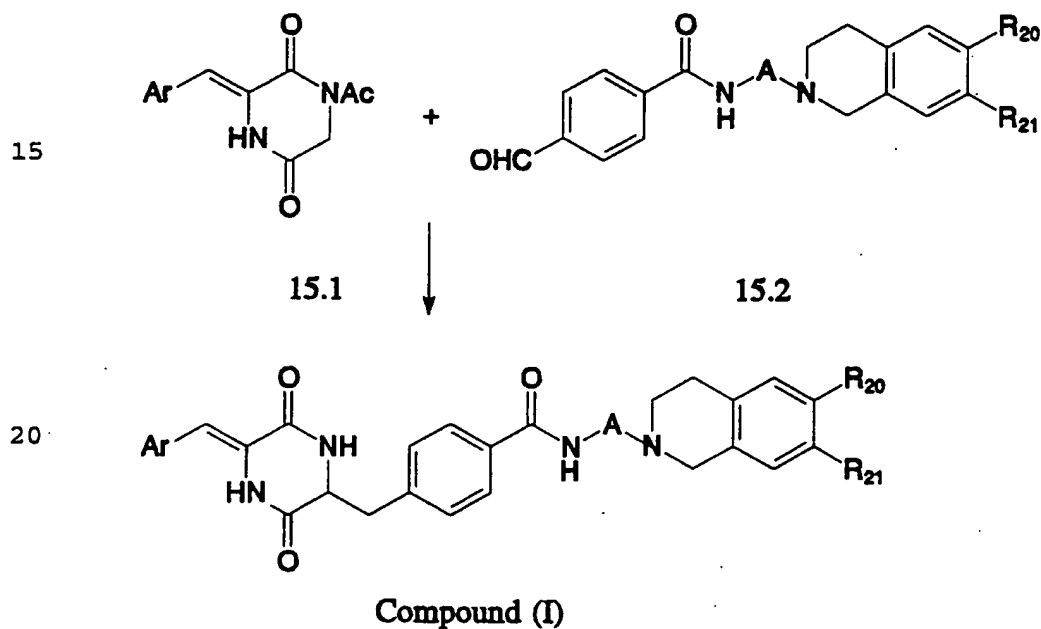
Example 14: Preparation of compounds of formula (I)

20 The 2,5-piperazinedione derivative 14.1 was treated with the aldehyde 14.2, the groups Ar and Subst. being as specified below, in DMF in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at 80°C-90°C for 2-4 hours. The compounds of formula (I) listed below were prepared:

25

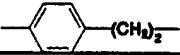
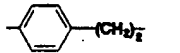
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| Ar | Subst. | Compound of formula (I) | Yield (%) |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Phenyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5058 | 16 |
| 3-furyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5073 | 33 |
| 3-thienyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5078 | 38 |
| 3-thienyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5074 | 83 |
| 2-bromophenyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5079 | 28 |
| 3-furyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHC}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5081 | 68 |
| 3-thienyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5069 | 29 |
| 3-furyl | $-\text{CH}_2\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NMe}_2$ | 5077 | 20 |

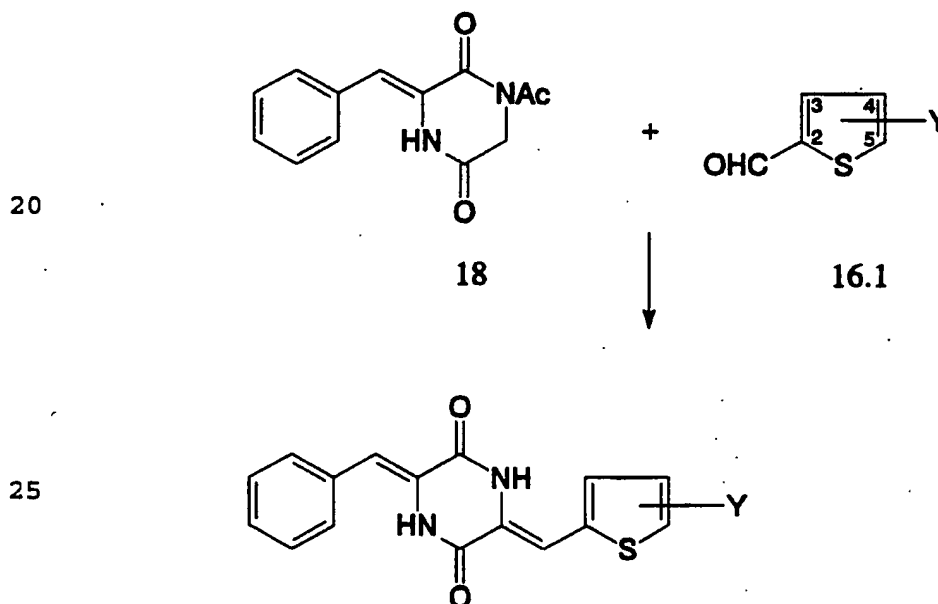
Example 15: Preparation of compounds of formula (I)

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The 2,5-piperazinedione derivative 15.1 was treated with the aldehyde 15.2 in which R_{20} and R_{21} are both H or are both OMe, the substituent Ar and linking group A being as specified below, in DMF in the presence of CS_2CO_3 at 80°C to 90°C for 2-4 hours. The compounds of formula (I) listed below were prepared. In 5391, 5394 and 5371 R_{20} and R_{21} are both H. In 5393 and 5402 R_{20} and R_{21} are OMe.

| Ar | A | Compound of Formula (I) | Yield (%) |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Phenyl | $-(CH_2)_2-$ | 5391 | 21 |
| Phenyl | $-(CH_2)_3-$ | 5394 | 47 |
| Phenyl | $-(CH_2)_4-$ | 5371 | 56 |
| Phenyl |  | 5393 | 44 |
| 4-nitrophenyl |  | 5402 | 62 |

Example 16: Preparation of compounds of formula (I)



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(3Z)-1-acetyl-3-benzylidene-2,5-dione prepared as in Reference Example 1 (compound 18), was treated with the aldehyde 16.1 in which substituent Y was as indicated below, in DMF in the presence of Cs_2CO_3 at 80°C - 90°C for 2-4 hours. The compounds of formula (I) listed below were prepared:

| Y | Compound of formula (I) | Yield %) |
|--|-------------------------|----------|
| 5-O(CH ₂) ₂ NMe ₂ | 5324 | 34 |
| 4-O(CH ₂) ₂ NMe ₂ | 5327 | 51 |
| 5-(CH ₂) ₂ NMe ₂ | 5335 | 45 |
| 5-O(CH ₂) ₂ O(CH ₂) ₂ NMe ₂ | 5388 | 12 |
| 5-O(CH ₂) ₆ NMe ₂ | 5389 | 35 |
| 5-N(Me)(CH ₂) ₂ NMe ₂ | 5299 | 2 |

By the same method, but using 2,5-dichlorothiophene-4-carboxaldehyde in place of compound 16.1, 5075 was prepared in 31% yield.

20 Example 17: Preparation of salts

1. Hydrochloride salts of the following compounds of formula (I) were prepared by bubbling HCl gas through a solution of the corresponding free base in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at room temperature. The salt was recovered in the yield indicated.

- 47 -

| | Compound of formula (I) | Hydrochloride salt | Yield (%) |
|----|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | 1975 | 5026 | 95 |
| | 1976 | 5030 | 30 |
| 5 | 5048 | 5048.HCl | 72 |
| | 5188 | 5206 | 24 |
| | 5200 | 5205 | 31 |
| | 5367 | 5376 | 47 |
| | 5397 | 5397.2HCl | 36 |
| 10 | 5041 | 5041.HCl | 63 |
| | 5042 | 5042.HCl | 51 |
| | 5046 | 5046.HCl | 32 |
| | 5052 | 5052.HCl | 58 |
| | 5023 | 1988 | 50 |
| 15 | 5062 | 5062.HCl | - |
| | 5071 | 5071.HCl | - |
| | 5072 | 5072.HCl | - |
| | 1910 | 5055 | 57 |
| | 1912 | 5061 | 47 |
| 20 | 5032 | 5032.HCl | 39 |
| | 5053 | 5053.HCl | 90 |
| | 5054 | 5053.HCl | 88 |
| | 5073 | 5073.HCl | 76 |
| | 5078 | 5078.HCl | 78 |
| 25 | 1912 | 5061 | 47 |
| | 5074 | 5074.HCl | 51 |
| | 5079 | 5079.HCl | 73 |
| | 5081 | 5081.HCl | 76 |
| | 5069 | 5069.HCl | - |
| 30 | 5077 | 5077.HCl | - |
| | 5324 | 5324.HCl | 68 |
| | 5336 | 5336.HCl | 74 |
| | 5335 | 5335.HCl | - |

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| | | |
|------|----------|----|
| 5388 | 5388.HCl | 79 |
| 5389 | 5389.HCl | 75 |
| 5391 | 5391.HCl | - |
| 5394 | 5394.HCl | 75 |
| 5371 | 5379 | 65 |

2. Hydrochloride salts of the following compounds of formula (I) were prepared by bubbling HCl gas through a solution of the corresponding free base in hot DMF. The salt was recovered in the yield indicated.

| Compound of formula (I) | Hydrochloride salt | Yield |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| 5386 | 5386.2HCl | 79 |
| 5393 | 5393.HCl | 60 |
| 5402 | 5402.HCl | 52 |

3. Hydrochloride salts of the following compounds of formula (I) were prepared by treating the free base with 2M HCl:

| Compound of formula (I) | Hydrochloride salt | Yield (%) |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 5027 | 5027.HCl | 67 |
| 5028 | 5028.HCl | 92 |
| 5029 | 5029.HCl | 76 |
| 5040 | 5040.HCl | 90 |

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4. 5043.HCl, the hydrochloride salt of 5043, was prepared by bubbling HCl gas through a solution of 5043 in MeOH. 5057.HCl, the salt of 5057, was prepared by bubbling HCl gas through a solution of 5057 in THF following by
- 5 recrystallisation from MeOH.

Example 18: **PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION**

- Tablets, each weighing 0.15 g and containing 25 mg of
- 10 a compound of the invention can be manufactured as follows:

Composition for 10,000 tablets

- compound of the invention (250 g)
lactose (800 g)
corn starch (415 g)
- 15 talc powder (30 g)
magnesium stearate (5 g)

- The compound of the invention, lactose and half of the corn starch are mixed. The mixture is then forced through a sieve 0.5 mm mesh size. Corn starch (10 g) is
- 20 suspended in warm water (90 ml). The resulting paste is used to granulate the powder. The granulate is dried and broken up into small fragments on a sieve of 1.4 mm mesh size. The remaining quantity of starch, talc and magnesium stearate is added, carefully mixed and processed into
- 25 tablets.

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Example 19: Characterisation of compounds of formula

A

The compounds prepared in the preceding Examples,
were characterised by mass spectroscopic, microanalytical,
5 proton nuclear magnetic resonance and, in some cases,
infra-red techniques. The results are set out in the
Tables which follow:

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|------|---|---------------------|------|--|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 1910 | C ₂₃ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₃ | 401(100) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 4.28-4.32 (2H,t), 4.35-4.40 (2H,t), 6.75-7.70 (14H,m), 10.15 (2H,brs). |
| 5023 | C ₂₈ H ₃₂ N ₄ O ₃ | 449(100) | EI | CDCl ₃ /400MHz | 2.00 (2H,m), 2.25 (12H,s), 2.46 (2H,t), 3.45 (2H,s), 4.05 (2H,t), 6.95-7.42 (10H,m), 8.15 (2H,brs). |
| 5026 | C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₃ ·2HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.12 (2H,m), 2.73 (6H,s), 21 (2H,m), 4.11 (2H,t), 5.48 (2H,s), 6.76 (2H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.47 (2H,d), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.65 (1H,s), 7.77 (1H,s), 9.21 (1H,s), 10.12 (2H,brs), 10.45 (1H,brs). |
| 5027 | C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ ·2HCl | | | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ H/400 MHz | 2.00 (2H,t), 3.00 (6H,s), 3.45 (2H,m), 3.90 (2H,t), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.15 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,d), 8.00 (2H,d), 8.95 (2H,d). |
| 5028 | C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ ·2HCl | | | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHz | 2.35 (2H,m), 3.00 (6H,s), 3.45 (2H,t), 4.15 (2H,t), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.15 (1H,s), 7.30 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,d), 8.10 (1H,t), 8.50 (1H,d), 8.95 (1H,d), 9.15 (1H,s). |
| 5030 | | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.18 (2H,m), 2.77 (6H,s), 3.20 (2H,m), 4.10 (2H,t), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.81 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.51 (2H,d), 7.65 (2H,m), 7.71 (1H,m), 7.85 (1H,s), 7.96 (1H,s), 8.29 (1H,s), 9.60 (1H,s), 10.21 (1H,brs), 10.50 (1H,brs), 10.61 (1H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|------|---|----------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5032 | C ₂₃ H ₂₈ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl | 408(20). 306(30) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.83 (6H, s), 3.23 (2H, m), 4.02 (2H, d), 4.30 (1H, m), 5.96 (1H, brd), 6.77 (1H, s), 6.78 (1H, s), 7.02 (2H, d), 7.33 (1H, m), 7.42 (2H, m), 7.55 (4H, m), 9.70 (1H, brs), 10.12 (2H, br) |
| 5040 | C ₂₅ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₅ .HCl | 450(10) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 3.20-3.55 (6H, m), 3.75-4.00 (4H, m), 4.02 (2H, d), 4.39 (1H, m), 5.99 (1H, brs), 6.77 (1H, s), 6.78 (1H, s), 7.02 (2H, d), 7.33 (1H, m), 7.45 (2H, m), 7.55 (4H, m), 10.20 (3H, br) |
| 5041 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl | 382(100) | EI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.09 (2H, m), 2.80 (6H, s), 3.20 (2H, m), 4.09 (2H, t), 6.63 (1H, s), 6.64 (1H, m), 6.78 (1H, s), 6.89 (1H, m), 7.0 (2H, d), 7.54 (2H, d), 7.90 (1H, s), 9.45 (1H, brs), 9.75 (1H, brs), 10.14 (1H, brs) |
| 5042 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl | 398(35) | EI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.09 (2H, m), 2.79 (6H, s), 3.18 (2H, m), 4.10 (2H, t), 6.76 (1H, s), 6.85 (1H, s), 7.00 (2H, d), 7.41 (1H, m), 7.51 (2H, d), 7.62 (1H, m), 7.94 (1H, m), 9.89 (1H, brs), 9.92 (1H, brs), 10.10 (1H, brs) |
| 5043 | C ₂₇ H ₃₂ N ₃ O ₅ .HCl | 493(100) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 3.10-3.85 (14H, m), 4.02 (2H, d), 4.40 (1H, brs), 6.77 (1H, s), 6.78 (1H, s), 7.02 (2H, d), 7.32 (1H, m), 7.42 (2H, m), 7.55 (4H, m), 10.20 (2H, s) |
| 5046 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl | 398(23). 169(100) | EI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.09 (2H, m), 7.28 (6H, s), 3.12 (2H, m), 4.10 (2H, t), 6.78 (1H, s), 6.94 (1H, s), 7.00 (2H, d), 7.18 (1H, m), 7.54 (2H, d), 7.58 (1H, m), 7.76 (1H, m), 9.75 (1H, brs), 10.16 (1H, brs) |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|------|--|---------------------|------|---|--|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5048 | C ₂₅ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₄ .HCl | 485 (100) | EI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.05 (2H,s), 2.14 (2H,m), 2.79 (6H,d), 3.20 (2H,m), 4.13 (2H,t), 6.70 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 7.0 (2H,d), 7.48 (2H,d), 7.51 (2H,d), 7.62 (2H,d), 9.94 (1H,brs), 10.15 (1H,brs), 10.20 (1H,brs). |
| 5052 | | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.15 (2H,m), 2.28 (6H,s), 3.20 (2H,m), 4.10 (2H,t), 6.68 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.94 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.76 (1H,s), 8.23 (1H,s). |
| 5053 | C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | | | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHz | 2.20 (4H,m), 3.20 (2H,m), 3.70 (2H,m), 4.00 (2H,m), 4.45 (2H,m), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.23 (1H,s), 7.39 (1H,s), 7.45 (7H,m). |
| 5054 | C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl | | | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHz | 3.25 (2H,m), 3.67 (2H,m), 3.85 (2H,m), 4.05-4.20 (4H,m), 4.47 (2H,m), 6.97 (2H,d) 7.20 (1H,s), 7.26 (1H,s), 7.39- 7.51 (7H,m). |
| 5055 | C ₂₃ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ .HCl | 401(100) | ESI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 4.40 (2H,t), 4.60 (2H,t), 6.73 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.99 (2H,d), 7.30 -7.55 (7H,m), 7.65 (1H,s), 7.90 (1H,s), 9.10 (1H,s), 10.10 (1H,s), 10.15 (1H,s), 10.20 (1H,brs) |
| 5057 | C ₂₄ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₄ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 4.00-4.05 (2H,m), 4.20-4.32 (2H,m), 4.48 (1H,m), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.78 (1H,s), 7.03 (2H,d), 7.32 (2H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (4H,m), 7.71 (1H,m), 7.77 (1H,m), 9.12 (1H,s), 10.20 (2H,brs). |

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| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|----------|---|---------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5058.HCl | C ₂₃ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂ S.HCl | 409(15) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.70-2.75 (8H,m), 3.20-3.25 (2H,m), 3.85 (2H,s), 6.78 (2H,s), 7.32-7.55 (9H,m), 9.68 (1H,brs), 10.22 (1H,s), 10.24 (1H,s) |
| 5061 | C ₂₃ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.84 (6H,s), 3.95 (2H,s), 4.40 (2H,d), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 7.33-7.55 (9H,m), 9.15 (1H,t), 9.85 (1H,brs), 10.20 (1H,brs), 10.25 (1H,brs) |
| 5062 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.76 (6H,d), 3.51 (2H,m), 4.38 (2H,t), 6.66 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.91 (1H,s), 7.05 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.74 (1H,s), 8.22 (1H,s), 9.76 (1H,s) |
| 5069 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl | 397(10) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.80 (6H,s), 3.30 (2H,t), 3.76 (2H,t), 4.58 (2H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 6.87 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,m), 7.58 (2H,d), 7.65 (1H,m), 8.00 (1H,s), 9.78 (1H,s), 10.02 (1H,s), 10.18 (1H,s) |
| 5071 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.86 (6H,d), 3.53 (2H,m), 4.38 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.84 (1H,s), 7.07 (2H,d), 7.43 (1H,m), 7.58 (2H,d), 7.65 (1H,m), 7.96 (1H,m), 9.55 (1H,s), 10.05 (1H,brs), 10.13 (1H,brs) |
| 5072 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S ₂ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.58 (3H,s), 2.78 (6H,s), 3.44 (2H,m), 4.36 (2H,t), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.05 (2H,d), 7.12 (1H,d), 7.52 (1H,d), 7.58 (2H,d), 10.20 (1H,s) |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|----------|---|----------------------|------|---|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5073 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S | 398(15), 293(100) | EI | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHz | 2.75 (2H,t), 2.90 (6H,s), 3.25 (2H,t), 3.78 (2H,s), 6.70 (1H,s), 7.10 (1H,s), 7.40 (4H,s), 7.60 (1H,s), 7.85 (1H,s). |
| 5073.HCl | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ S.HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.75 (6H,s), 2.75-2.80 (2H,m), 3.20 (2H,m), 3.84 (2H,s), 6.70 (1H,s), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 7.40 (2H,d), 7.52 (2H,d), 7.75 (1H,s), 8.20 (1H,s), 9.78 (1H,brs), 10.00 (1H,brs), 10.10 (1H,brs) |
| 5074 | | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.82 (6H,s), 4.00 (2H,s), 4.41 (2H,d), 6.81 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.98 (2H,m), 9.15 (1H,brs), 9.90 (1H,brs), 10.04 (1H,brs), 10.18 (1H,brs). |
| 5075 | C ₁₆ H ₁₀ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₂ S | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 6.50 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 7.35 (1H,t), 7.39-7.45 (3H,m), 7.55 (2H,d). |
| 5077 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₄ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.55 (2H,t), 2.80 (6H,s), 3.80 (2H,t), 4.55 (2H,s), 6.70 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.95 (1H,s), 7.45 (2H,d), 7.60 (2H,d), 7.85 (1H,s), 8.30 (1H,s), 9.90 (1H,s), 10.01 (1H,s). |
| 5078 | C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₅ S ₂ | 414(15), 309(100) | EI | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHz | 2.75 (2H,t), 2.88 (6H,s), 3.25 (2H,t), 3.88 (2H,s), 7.22-7.28 (3H,m), 7.45 (4H,s), 7.50-7.54 (1H,m), 7.64 (-7.66 (1H,s). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------------|--|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5078.HCl | $C_{21}H_{23}N_3O_2S_2 \cdot HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.72-2.78 (2H,m), 2.75 (6H,s), 3.20-3.25 (2H,m), 3.84 (2H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.40-7.45 (3H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.64-7.67 (1H,m), 7.96-7.99 (1H,m), 9.85 (1H,brs), 10.05 (1H,brs), 10.18 (1H,brs). |
| 5079 | $C_{23}H_{23}BrN_4O_3 \cdot HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.82 (6H,s), 4.00 (2H,s), 4.41 (2H,d), 6.74 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 7.30 (1H,m), 7.36 (2H,d), 7.45 (1H,m), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.60 (1H,d), 7.68 (1H,d), 9.56 (1H,brt), 9.90 (1H,brs), 10.36 (1H,brs), 10.48 (1H,brs). |
| 5081 | $C_{21}H_{22}N_4O_4 \cdot HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.83 (6H,s), 4.01 (2H,s), 4.39 (2H,d), 6.68 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.94 (1H,s), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.54 (2H,d), 7.76 (1H,s), 8.22 (1H,s), 9.12 (1H,brt), 9.82 (2H,brs), 10.12 (1H,brs). |
| 5188 | $C_{27}H_{27}N_3O_3$ | 442(100) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.8-1.9 (2H,m), 2.15 (6H,s), 2.38 (2H,t), 4.05 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.90 (1H,s), 6.99 (2H,d), 7.50-7.58 (4H,m), 7.61-7.65 (1H,m), 7.39-7.98 (3H,m), 8.11 (1H,s), 10.28 (2H,brs). |
| 5200 | $C_{27}H_{27}N_3O_3$ | 442(100) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.81-1.91 (2H,m), 2.15 (6H,s), 2.35 (2H,t), 4.09 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.96 (2H,d), 7.21 (1H,s), 7.5-7.65 (7H,m), 7.94 (2H,d), 10.15 (2H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|------|--|---------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5205 | C ₂₇ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | 442(40) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.12-2.20 (2H,m), 2.80(6H,s), 3.20-3.25 (2H,m), 4.10 (2H,t), 6.75 (1H,s), 7.01 (2H,d), 7.24 (1H,s), 7.51 -7.67 (6H,m), 7.92 (2H,d), 7.98-8.01 (1H,m), 10.1 (2H,brs), 10.25 (1H,brs). |
| 5206 | C ₂₇ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.11-2.21 (2H,m), 2.60 (6H,s), 2.85-2.98 (2H,m), 4.09 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.94 (1H,s), 7.0 (2H,d), 7.50-7.59 (4H,m), 7.64 (1H,d), 7.90-7.99 (3H,m), 8.12 (1H,m), 10.21 (1H,brs), 10.43 (1H,brs). |
| 5324 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | 384(100) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.85 (6H,s), 3.52 (2H,t), 4.50 (2H,t), 6.52 (1H,d), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.81 (1H,s), 7.31 (1H,d), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.45 (2H,m), 7.57 (2H,d), 9.70 (1H,s), 10.15 (1H,s), 10.41 (1H,brs). |
| 5327 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ | 384(20) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.22 (6H,s), 2.63 (2H,t), 4.05 (2H,t), 6.76 (1H,s), 6.82 (2x1H,s), 7.30 (1H,s), 7.33 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d). |
| 5335 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | 368(20) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.78 (6H,s), 3.28 (4H,m), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.89 (1H,s), 7.02 (1H,d), 7.38-7.45 (4H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 9.68 (1H,brs), 10.40 (1H,br). |
| 5336 | C ₂₀ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl | 384(10) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHz | 2.82 (6H,s), 3.49 (2H,t), 4.38 (2H,t), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.94 (1H,s), 7.31 (1H,s), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 9.78 (1H,s), 10.25 (1H,s), 10.45 (1H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5367 | $C_{33}H_{34}N_4O_4$ | 551(100) | CI | $CDCl_3 + CF_3CO_2D/400MHz$ | 1.72 (2H,m), 1.95-2.01 (2H,m), 2.24 (6H,m), 2.48 (2H,t), 2.96 (2H,m), 3.70 (1H,m), 4.07 (2H,t), 4.89 (1H,m), 7.0 (2H,d), 7.01 (2H,s), 7.15-7.25 (4H,m), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.48 (2H,d), 7.57 (2H,d), 8.17 (2H,brs). |
| 5371 | $C_{32}H_{32}N_4O_3$ | 521(100) | CI | $CDCl_3/400MHz$ | 1.75-1.80 (4H,m), 2.55-2.60 (2H,m), 2.75 (2H,t), 2.88 (2H,t), 3.50-3.55 (2H,m), 3.65 (2H,s), 6.95 (1H,s), 6.98-7.02 (1H,m), 7.05-7.10 (4H,m), 7.15-7.20 (2H,m), 7.38-7.50 (5H,m), 7.65 (2H,d), 7.85 (1H,brs), 8.00 (1H,brs), 8.15 (1H,brs). |
| 5379 | $C_{32}H_{32}N_4O_3 \cdot HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.60-1.68 (2H,m), 1.80-1.88 (2H,m), 3.00-3.06 (1H,m), 3.15-3.35 (6H,m), 3.65-3.75 (1H,m), 4.25-4.55 (2H,m), 6.80 (2H,brs), 7.18-7.45 (7H,m), 7.55-7.65 (4H,m), 7.89 (2H,d), 8.57 (1H,brs), 10.29 (2H,brs), 10.36 (1H,brs). |
| 5386 | $C_{35}H_{39}N_5O_4$ | 594(100), 97(50) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.81-1.90 (2H,m), 2.15 (6H,s), 2.35 (2H,t), 2.62-2.70 (2H,m), 2.79-2.83 (2H,m), 3.46-3.53 (2H,m), 4.02 (2H,t), 6.73 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.73 (1H,s), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.98 (2H,d), 7.02-7.11 (4H,m), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.60 (2H,d), 7.78 (2H,d), 8.41-8.48 (1H,m), 10.22 (1H,brs) |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5386.2HCl | $C_{35}H_{39}N_3O_4 \cdot 2HCl$ | 594(100), 297(58) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.12-2.21 (2H,m), 2.72 (6H,s), 3.1-3.25 (4H,m), 3.76-3.82 (2H,m), 4.12 (2H,t), 4.41 (2H,brs), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.02 (2H,d), 9.05 (1H,brs), 10.19 (1H,brs), 10.35 (1H,brs). |
| 5388 | $C_{22}H_{25}N_3O_4S$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.16 (6H,s), 2.42 (2H,t), 3.55 (2H,t), 3.75 (2H,t), 4.23 (2H,t), 6.43 (1H,d), 6.72 (1H,s), 6.78 (1H,s), 7.22 (1H,d), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.53 (2H,d). |
| 5388.HCl | $C_{22}H_{25}N_3O_4S \cdot HCl$ | 428(5) | CI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.72 (6H,s), 3.25 (2H,t), 3.81 (4H,m), 4.32 (2H,t), 6.47 (1H,d), 6.76 (1H,s), 6.81 (1H,s), 7.27 (1H,d), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 10.15 (1H,brs). |
| 5389 | $C_{24}H_{29}N_3O_3S$ | 440(5) | CI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.28-1.45 (6H,m), 1.57 (2H,m), 2.12 (6H,s), 2.20 (2H,t), 4.13 (2H,t), 6.41 (1H,d), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.23 (1H,d), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.42 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d). |
| 5389.HCl | $C_{24}H_{29}N_3O_3S \cdot HCl$ | 440(5) | CI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.36 (2H,m), 1.45 (2H,m), 1.66 (2H,m), 1.76 (2H,m), 2.72 (6H,s), 3.0. (2H,t), 4.13 (2H,t), 6.42 (1H,d), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 7.25 (1H,d), 7.32 (1H,m), 7.41 (2H,m), 7.55 (2H,d), 10.06 (3H,brs). |

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| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|----------|--|----------------------|------|---|--|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5391 | C ₃₀ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₃ | 493(100). 489(50) | ESI | CDCl ₃ +CF ₃ CO ₂ D/400MHZ | 3.15-3.25 (1H,m). 3.28-3.40 (1H,m). 3.48-3.57 (1H,m). 3.60-3.68 (2H,m). 3.92-4.02 (3H,m). 4.33 (2H,d). 4.77 (1H,d). 7.11 (1H,d). 7.22-7.56 (12H,m). 7.85 (2H,d). |
| 5391.HCl | C ₃₀ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₃ .HCl | 493(100) | ESI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHZ | 3.01-3.10 (1H,m). 3.38-3.45 (4H,m). 3.80-3.85 (3H,m). 4.32-4.41 (1H,m). 4.61-4.70 (1H,m). 6.80 (2H,s). 7.18-7.36 (5H,m). 7.41 (2H,t). 7.58 (2H,d). 7.67 (2H,d). 7.99 (2H,d). 9.02 (1H,t). 10.29 (1H,brs). 10.39 (1H,brs). 10.99 (1H,brs). |
| 5393 | C ₃₈ H ₃₆ N ₄ O ₅ | | | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHZ | 2.70 (6H,m). 2.80 (2H,m). 3.55 (2H,s). 3.70 (6H,s). 6.63 (1H,s). 6.65 (1H,s). 6.80 (1H,s). 6.83 (1H,s). 7.22 (2H,d). 7.32 (1H,m). 7.42 (2H,m). 7.55 (2H,d). 7.68 (4H,d). 7.99 (2H,d). 10.15 (1H,s). 10.35 (2H,br). |
| 5393.HCl | C ₃₈ H ₃₆ N ₄ O ₅ .HCl | 629(100) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHZ | 2.95-3.45 (8H,m). 3.75 (2x3H,s). 4.25- 4.50 (2H,m). 6.79 (1H,s). 6.80 (1H,s). 6.82 (1H,s). 6.83 (1H,s). 7.30 (2H,d). 7.32 (1H,m). 7.41 (2H,m). 7.55 (2H,d). 7.68 (2H,d). 7.77 (2H,d). 8.01 (2H,d). 10.28 (2H,s). 10.40 (1H,s). 10.80 (1H,brs). |
| 5394 | C ₃₁ H ₃₀ N ₄ O ₃ | 507(15) | CI | d ₆ -DMSO/400MHZ | 1.75-1.85 (2H,m). 2.52-2.57 (2H,m). 2.67 (2H,t). 2.84 (2H,t). 3.34-3.40 (2H,m). 3.57 (2H,s). 6.75 (1H,s). 6.80 (1H,s). 7.05-7.10 (4H,m). 7.30-7.55 (7H,m). 7.84 (2H,d). 8.57 (1H,brt). 10.25 (2H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------------|--|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5394.HCl | $C_{31}H_{39}N_4O_3 \cdot HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.02-2.10 (2H,m), 2.95-3.01 (1H,m), 3.18-3.43 (6H,m), 3.65-3.70 (1H,m), 4.23-4.53 (2H,m), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.81 (1H,s), 7.20-7.45 (7H,m) 7.55 (2H,d), 7.65 (2H,d), 7.90 (2H,d), 8.70 (1H,t), 10.25 (1H,s), 10.35 (1H,s), 10.60 (1H,brs). |
| 5397 | $C_{37}H_{43}N_5O_4$ | 622(80) | CI | $CDCl_3$ /400MHz | 1.75-1.83 (4H,m), 1.95-2.00 (2H,m), 2.25 (6H,s), 2.45 (2H,t), 2.58-2.61 (2H,m), 2.75 (2H,t), 2.85-2.90 (2H,m), 3.47-3.52 (2H,m), 3.62 (2H,s), 4.05 (2H,t), 6.90 (1H,s), 6.95-7.20 (10H,m), 7.35 (2H,d), 7.65 (1H,d), 7.83 (1H,brs), 8.15 (1H,brs). |
| 5397.2HCl | $C_{37}H_{43}N_5O_4 \cdot 2HCl$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 1.60-1.65 (2H,m), 1.82-1.90 (2H,m), 2.12-2.20 (2H,m), 2.79 (6H,d), 3.00-3.15 (1H,m), 3.25-3.35 (8H,m), 3.65-3.75 (1H,m), 4.13 (2H,t), 4.25-4.55 (2H,m), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.78 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 8.60 (1H,brt), 10.20 (1H,brs), 10.30 (1H,brs). |
| 5402 | $C_{38}H_{45}N_5O_7$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.70 (6H,m), 2.80 (2H,m), 3.55 (2H,s), 3.70 (6H,s), 6.61 (1H,s), 6.63 (1H,s), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.82 (1H,s), 7.22 (2H,d), 7.68 (4H,d), 7.82 (2H,d), 7.98 (2H,d), 8.22 (2H,d), 10.15 (1H,s), 10.55 (1H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula | Mass spec. data | | ¹ H nmr data | |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------------|---|
| | | mass (intensity) | mode | solvent (field) | δ |
| 5402.HCl | $C_{38}H_{35}N_5O_7 \cdot HCl$ | 674(80) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 3.00-3.50 (8H,m), 3.73 (2x3H,s), 4.25 (2H,m), 6.75 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 6.86 (1H,s), 6.88 (1H,s), 7.29 (2H,d), 7.69 (2H,d), 7.77 (4H,m), 8.00 (2H,d), 8.25 (2H,d), 10.25 (1H,s), 10.55 (1H,brs), 10.70 (1H,brs). |
| 5376 | $C_{33}H_{24}N_4O_4 \cdot HCl$ | 551(100) | ESI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.11-2.20 (2H,m), 2.78 (6H,s), 2.83-2.82 (2H,m), 3.20 (2H,m), 3.62 (2H,brs), 4.09 (2H,t), 4.75 (2H,brs), 6.77 (1H,s), 6.79 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 7.19 (4H,brs), 7.50 (2H,d), 7.55 (2H,d), 7.60 (2H,d), 10.19 (1H,brs), 10.32 (1H,brs), 10.55 (1H,brs). |
| 5299 | $C_{21}H_{24}N_4O_2S$ | | | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.18 (6H,s), 2.47 (2H,t), 3.01 (3H,s), 3.40 (2H,d), 5.98 (1H,d), 6.71 (1H,s), 6.85 (1H,s), 7.26 (1H,d), 7.31 (1H,m), 7.41 (2H,m), 7.52 (2H,d), 9.85 (1H,brs). |
| 1912 | $C_{23}H_{24}N_4O_3$ | 404(55) | EI | d_6 -DMSO/400MHz | 2.25 (6H,s), 2.93 (2H,s), 4.30 (2H,d), 6.74 (1H,s), 6.76 (1H,s), 7.28-7.55 (9H,m), 8.25 (1H,t), 10.20 (2H,brs). |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|---------------------------------|--|--|---------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1927 | $C_{16}H_{14}N_4O_2$ 294 | 291, 30%: 295, MH ⁺ 100% (DCI, NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 2.45 (3H, s), 6.85 (1H, s), 7.38 (1H, s), 7.48 (5H, m), 8.95 (1H, s). | | | |
| 1926 | $C_{15}H_{12}N_4O_2$ 280 | 281 MH, 100% (DCI, NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 7.20 (1H, s), 7.45 (8H, m). | | | |
| 1545 | $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_3$ 359 | 192, 20%: 292, 10%, MH ⁺ 360 (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.82 (1H, d), 7.75 (1H, d), 7.65 (1H,), 7.48 (3H, m), 7.35 (2H, m), 7.25 (1H, s), 7.06 (2H, d), 3.98 (3H, s). | | | |
| 1542 | $C_{16}H_{10}N_2O_3Cl_2$ 348 | 349, 351, 353, 100%: 366, 368, 370, 50%: 313, 39%: (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ /TFA 6.72 (1H, s), 7.18 (2H, 2xs), 7.34 (1H, t), 7.43 (2H, d), 7.59 (1H, s). | | | |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1509 | $C_{20}H_{15}N_3O_2$ | 347 MNH_4^+ , 1%; 330 MH^+ , 100% (DCI NH_3) | $CDCl_3/TFA$ 7.22-7.40 (3H,m), 7.40-7.52 (6H,m), 7.60 (1H,s), 7.78 (1H,d, J=7Hz), 7.81 (1H,s), 8.10 (1H,s). | | | |
| 1507 | $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_5$ 407 | 310, 100%; 336, 20%; 351, 20%; MH^+ 410, 5% MNH_4^+ , 427, 2% (DCI NH_3) | $CDCl_3 + CF_3CO_2D$ 7.65 (1H,s), 7.48 (1H,brs), 7.42 (2H,d), 7.22 (1H,s), 7.00 (2H,d), 6.72 (1H,brd), 6.39 (1H,brd), 3.90 (3H,s), 1.65 (9H,s). | C 64.54 H 5.66 N 10.26 | 64.45 5.61 10.46 | 64.39 5.62 10.43 |
| 1506 | $C_{28}H_{22}N_3O_5$ 459 | 360, 100%; MH^+ 460, MNH_4^+ 477, 2% (DCI NH_3) | $CDCl_3 + CF_3CO_2D$ 8.27 (1H,d) 8.05 (1H,s) 7.70 (1H,d), 7.47 (3H,m), 7.38 (2H,pt), 7.25 (1H,s), 7.05 (2H,d), 3.90 (3H,s), 1.65 (9H,s). | C 67.96 H 5.48 N 9.14 | 67.54 5.35 9.21 | 67.63 5.30 9.22 |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec | ¹ H nmr | Microanalysis | | |
|------|--|---|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1476 | C ₁₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₄ 310 | m/z, mass intensity (mode) 279, 15%; MH ⁺ , 311; MNH ₄ ⁺ , 328, 2% (DCI NH ₃) | Solvent δ all 400 MHz CDCl ₃ + CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.85 (1H, s), 7.60 (1H, brs), 7.42 (2H, d), 7.21 (1H, s), 7.08 (1H, s), 7.02 (2H, d), 6.72 (1H, brs), 3.90 (3H, s). | C 65.80 H 4.55 N 9.03 | 65.87 4.44 9.03 | 65.68 4.54 8.98 |
| 1474 | C ₁₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₃ 326 | 279, 10%; MH ⁺ , 327 (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.60 (1H, d), 7.45 (3H, m), 7.35 (1H, s), 7.23 (2H, m), 7.05 (2H, d), 3.90 (3H, s). | C 62.56 H 4.32 N 8.58 | 62.41 4.41 8.57 | 62.39 4.46 8.55 |
| 1950 | C ₂₅ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₄ 433 | MH ⁺ (100%) 434 CI/NH ₃ | CDCl ₃ , CF ₃ CO ₂ D 400 MHz 7.50-7.42 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.00 (d, 1H), 6.96 (d, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H), 4.41 (t, 2H), 3.90 (2, 3H), 3.67 (t, 2H), 3.12 (s, 6H). | C 69.57 H 6.28 N 9.69 | 68.98 6.25 9.59 | 69.06 6.25 9.60 |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|------------------------------|---|---|---------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1718 | $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_3$ 359 | MH ⁺ 360, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | DMSO 11.4 (1H, s). 10.08 (1H, s). 9.82 (1H, s). 7.55 (3H, m). 7.39 (1H, d). 7.18 (1H, t). 7.01 (4H, m). 6.85 (1H, s). 6.78 (1H, s). 3.80 (3H, s). | | | |
| 1693 | $C_{22}H_{19}N_3O_3S$ 437 | 360, 85%; 402, 25%, MH ⁺ 438 (DCI NH ₃) | 7.98 (1H, d). 7.88 (1H, s). 7.75 (1H, d). 7.45 (5H, m). 7.35 (1H, s). 7.02 (2H, d). 3.90 (3H, s). 3.30 (2.33H, s). | | | |
| 1618 | $C_{23}H_{21}N_3O_4S$ 435 | 436, 100%; 336, 82% | CDCl ₃ , TFA 1.75 (9H, s). 7.22-7.28 (overlapping solvent & sample signals). 7.36-7.50 (6H, overlapping signals). 7.61 (2H, overlapping signals). 8.10 (1H, s). | | | |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | |
|------|---------------------------------|---|--|---------------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found |
| 1560 | $C_{25}H_{21}N_3O_4Cl_2$ 497 | 498/500/502 (100/69/15)% 398/400/402 (49/31/7)% | DMSO-D6 1.68 (9H, s), 6.66 (1H, s), 6.92 (1H, s), 7.30-7.44 (3H, c), 7.49 (2H, d), 7.68 (1H, d), 8.08 (1H, d), 8.17 (1H, s). | | |
| 1470 | $C_{21}H_{21}N_3O_4$ | 397, MNH ₄ ⁺ , 4%; 380, MH ⁺ , 13%, 280, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ 1.64 (9H, s), 6.33 (1H, br. s), 6.57 (1H, br. s), 7.00 (1H, s), 7.35-7.50 (7H, m), 8.10 (1H, br. s), 8.18 (1H, br. s) | | |
| 1471 | $C_{25}H_{23}N_3O_4$ | 447, MNH ₄ ⁺ , 17%; 430, MH ⁺ , 100%; 330, 82% | CDCl ₃ 1.72 (9H, s), 7.07 (1H, s), 7.14 (1H, s), 7.30-7.50 (7H, m), 7.66 (1H, d, J=7Hz), 7.84 (1H, s), 8.03 (1H, br. s), 8.18 (2H, m) | | |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1729 | $C_{23}H_{19}N_3O_5$ | 435, M ⁺ NH ₄ ⁺ , 23%; 418, M ⁺ , 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ 3.09 (4H, s), 3.92 (3H, s), 7.07 (2H, d, J=7Hz), 7.28 (1H, s), 7.30 (1H, s), 7.39 (2H, d, J=6Hz), 7.45 (2H, d, J=7Hz), 7.60 (2H, d, J=6Hz) | | | |
| 1647 | $C_{23}H_{21}N_3O_3$ 387 | 405, M ⁺ NH ₄ ⁺ , 7%; 388, M ⁺ H, 100%; 317, 43%; 459, 29% DCI NH ₃ | CDCl ₃ 1.84-2.00 (4H, m), 3.13 (2H, t), 3.64 (2H, t), 6.98 (1H, s), 7.03 (1H, s), 7.32-7.50 (9H, m), 8.10 (1H, brs), 8.32 (1H, brs) | | | |
| 1845 | $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_5$ 391 | 409, M ⁺ NH ₄ ⁺ , 35%; 392, M ⁺ H, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 2.35 (3H, s, Ac), 6.05 (2H, s, OCH ₂ O), 6.85-7.60 (9H, m) | C 64.45 H 4.38 N 10.74 | 63.99 4.42 10.99 | 63.94 4.37 11.01 |
| 1809 | $C_{20}H_{16}N_2O_5$ 364 | 382, M ⁺ +NH ₄ ⁺ , 5%; 365, M ⁺ H, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 3.85 (3H, s, OMe), 6.05 (2H, s, OCH ₂ O), 6.90-7.45 (9H, m) | C 65.93 H 4.43 N 7.69 | 65.85 4.38 7.60 | 65.96 4.37 7.65 |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1808 | $C_{19}H_{14}N_2O_4$ 334 | 335, M ⁺ 1. 100% | CDCl ₃ + TFA 6.05 (2H, s, OCH ₂ O), 6.90-7.50 (10H, m) | C 68.26 H 4.22 N 8.38 | 68.07 4.15 8.35 | 68.00 4.17 8.35 |
| 1929 | $C_{22}H_{18}N_4O_2$ 370 | MH ⁺ 371 (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 5.45 (2H, s), 7.18 (1H, s), 7.26 (1H, s), 7.30 (1H, s), 7.45 (10H, m), 8.88 (1H, s) | | | |
| 1930 | | MH ⁺ 357, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ + TFA 7.27 (1H, s), 7.30 (1H, s), 7.50 (5H, m), 7.65 (5H, m), 7.75 (1H, t), 9.10 (1H, s) | | | |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec | ¹ H nmr | Microanalysis | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found |
| 1975 | $C_{27}H_{29}N_5O_3$ | m/z, mass intensity (mode) 236, 25%; 257, 100%; 376, 20%; MH ⁺ , 472, 20%. DCI NH ₃ | Solvent δ all 400 MHz CDCl ₃ + TFA 2.35 (2H, m). 3.01 (6H, s). 3.45 (2H, t). 4.18 (2H, t). 5.40 (2H, s). 6.95 (2H, d). 7.20 (1H, m). 7.25 (1H, s). 7.40 (3H, m). 7.50 (3H, m). | | |
| 1976 | $C_{28}H_{27}N_5O_3$ 457 | 230, 100%; 247, 60%; MH ⁺ , 458, 90%. DCI NH ₃ | CDCl ₃ + TFA 2.30 (2H, m). 2.05 (6H, s). 3.45 (2H, t). 4.18 (2H, t). 6.98 (2H, d). 7.25 (2H, d). 7.45 (2H, d). 7.55 (3H, m). 7.75 (3H, m). 9.18 (1H, s). | | |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | |
|------|---|--|--|---------------|-------|
| | | | | Calc. | Found |
| 1982 | $C_{24}H_{28}N_4O_3 \cdot 2HCl$ 404+73 | 405, 100%, MH ⁺ EI ⁺ | D ₂ O 2.98 (3H, s), 3.09 (6H, s), 3.75 (4H, brs), 4.50 (2H, s), 7.09 (1H, s), 7.13 (1H, s), 7.52-7.68 (5H, c), 7.67-7.77 (4H, overlapping signals). | | |
| 1983 | $C_{28}H_{30}N_4O_2$ | 431, 25%, MH ⁺ ; 332, 30%; 303, 18%; 84, 92%; 118, 100%. EI ⁺ | DMSO-D ₆ 1.53 (2H, m), 1.71 (2H, d), 1.83 (2H, t), 2.12 (3H, s), 2.14 (3H, s), 2.35 (1H, m), 2.80 (2H, d), 3.57 (2H, s), 6.78 (2H, overlapping signals), 7.34 (3H, overlapping signals), 7.43 (2H, t), 7.50 (2H, d), 7.57 (2H, d). | | |

| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1886 | $C_{29}H_{21}N_3O_7$ | | $CDCl_3$ / TFA 3.90 (3H, s), 4.79 (2H, s), 7.01 (2H, d, J=8Hz), 7.21 (1H, s), 7.24 (1H, s), 7.27 (2H, d, J=8Hz), 7.41 (2H, d, J=8Hz), 7.47 (2H, d, J=8Hz), 7.82 (2H, m), 7.97 (2H, m). | | | |
| 1657 | $C_{29}H_{19}N_3O_3$ 349 | MH ⁺ 350, 12%; M ⁺ 349, 13%; 333, 100%. CI NH ₃ | $CDCl_3$ / TFA 3.92 (3H, s), 4.32 (2H, s), 7.05 (2H, d), 7.24 (2H, d), 7.45 (2H, d), 7.52 (4H, s). | | | |
| 1891 | $C_{29}H_{24}N_2O_4$ 392 | 392, M ⁺ 25%; 347, M ⁺ - OCH ₂ CH ₃ , 100% EI | DMSO 1.15 (6H, t, J=6Hz, CH ₃), 3.45-3.60 (4H, m, CH ₂ CH ₃), 5.50 (1H, s, O ₂ CH), 6.75 (2H, s), 7.28-7.55 (9H, m, Ar), 10.25 (2H, br. s, NH) | 70.39 6.16 7.14 | 70.31 6.16 7.03 | 70.03 6.16 7.09 |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec | ¹ H nmr | Microanalysis | |
|------|--|---|--|---------------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found |
| 1912 | C ₂₃ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₃ 404 | m/z, mass intensity (mode) 404, M ⁺ , 55%; 303, M ⁺ - NHC(O)CH ₂ NMe ₂ , 30%; EI | Solvent δ all 400 MHz DMSO 2.25 (6H, s, 2xMe), 2.95 (2H, s), 4.30 (2H, d, J=6Hz), 6.74 (1H, s), 6.76 (1H, s), 7.28-7.55 (9H, m), 8.24-8.27 (1H, br. m, NH), 10.20 (2H, br. s, 2xNH) | | |
| 1676 | C ₂₂ H ₁₉ O ₃ N ₃ 373 | MH ⁺ , 100%, 374 (DCI/NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ , CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.65 (2H, d), 7.58 (2H, d), 7.48 (2H, d), 7.41-7.35 (4H, m), 7.24 (1H, s), 7.12-7.07 (2H, m), 2.36+2.23 (3H, s, rotamers). | | |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|---|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1959 | C ₂₅ H ₂₈ N ₃ O ₄ Cl 469/471 | CI/NH ₃ | d ₆ -DMSO 400 MHz 10.85 (1H,s), 10.10 (1H,brs), 10.02 (1H,s), 7.6-7.30 (7H,m), 7.10 (2H,m), 6.85 (1H,d), 6.80 (1H,s), 6.58 (1H,d), 4.36 (2H,t), 3.87 (3H,s), 3.50 (2H,t), 2.88 (6H,s). | | | |
| 1921 | C ₂₂ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₂ 359 | MH ⁺ , 100%, 360 CI/NH ₃ | CDCl ₃ + CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.81 (2H,d), 7.52 (2H,d), 7.40-7.50 (6H,m), 7.24 (1H,s), 6.98 (1H,d), 6.96 (1H,d), 3.33 (6H,s). | C 73.52 H 5.89 N 11.69 | 73.24 5.82 11.50 | 73.11 5.77 11.52 |
| 1922 | C ₂₆ H ₂₀ N ₂ O ₂ 392 | MH ⁺ , 393, 100%; MNH ⁺ , 410, 10% CI/NH ₃ | d ₆ -DMSO 11.15 (1H,brs), 10.00 (1H,brs), 7.66 (1H,d), 7.51-7.30 (13H,m), 7.20 (2H,m), 6.78 (1H,s), 6.83 (1H,d). | | | |

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| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1923 | $C_{20}H_{15}N_3O_4$ 361 | MH ⁺ , 362, 100% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ , CF ₃ CO ₂ D 8.25 (2H, d), 7.83 (2H, d), 7.63 (1H, dd), 7.55-7.45 (5H, m), 7.35 (1H, s), 7.12 (1H, d), 7.08 (1H, d). | C 66.48 H 4.18 N 11.63 | 66.61 4.23 11.40 | 66.54 4.26 11.48 |
| 1672 | $C_{20}H_{23}N_3O_3$ 353 | MH ⁺ , 354, 100%; MNH ⁺ , 371, 10%; 271, 10%; 260, 10% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ , CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.59 (2H, d), 7.45 (2H, d), 7.18 (1H, s), 6.29 (1H, d), 2.55-2.47 (1H, m), 2.36-2.22 (3H, s, rotamers), 1.82-1.70 (5H, s), 1.51-1.40 (2H, m), 1.32-1.20 (3H, m). | | | |
| 1884 | $C_{18}H_{20}N_2O_2$ 296 | MH ⁺ , 297, 100%; MNH ⁺ , 315, 10% (DCI NH ₃) | CDCl ₃ , CF ₃ CO ₂ D 7.48-7.38 (5H, m), 7.21 (1H, s), 6.26 (1H, d), 2.48 (1H, m), 1.83-1.70 (1H, m), 1.35 (2H, m), 1.30-1.19 (3H, m). | | | |

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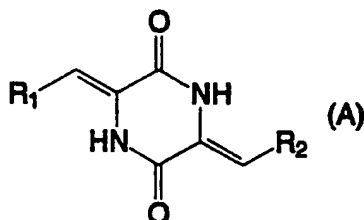
| No. | Mol. Formula (M. Wt.) | Mass spec m/z, mass intensity (mode) | ¹ H nmr Solvent δ all 400 MHz | Microanalysis | | |
|------|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | Calc | Found | Found |
| 1570 | <chem>C17H14N2O2S</chem> 310 | 311. M ⁺ H. 100% DCI-NH ₃ | CDCl ₃ 4.13 (3H, s). 6.59 (1H, s). 7.10 (1H, m). 7.30-7.60 (8H, m). 8.09 (1H, brs). | C | 65.79 | 65.24 |
| | | | | H | 4.55 | 4.53 |
| | | | | N | 9.03 | 8.73 |
| | | | | | | 8.79 |

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CLAIMS

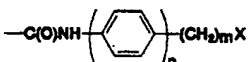
1. A piperazine of general formula (A):

5



wherein one or both of R_1 and R_2 , which may be the same or
10 different, is:

(I) X, or a phenyl group which is substituted by X,
C(O)X, OC(O)CH₂X, OCH₂CH₂X, CH₂X, CONH(CH₂)_nX,

O(CH₂)_nCH(OH)(CH₂)_nX or 

15 or which is fused to a group X;

(II) a phenyl group substituted by CH₂NR₁₂R₁₃,
OC(O)(CH₂)_nZ, CH(OR₁₂)(OR₁₃), (CH₂)_nNR₁₄C(O)(CH₂)_mNR₁₂R₁₃,
-CH₂NR₁₂-(CH₂)_nNR₁₅R₁₆, O(CH₂)_nCH(OH)(CH₂)_nN(R₁₂R₁₃);

(III) a group CH=C(W)V; or

20 (IV) a cyclohexyl group;

and where appropriate, the other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl
group optionally substituted by one or more groups
independently selected from halogen, nitro, methoxy,
NHC(O)R₁₂, CO₂H, O(CH₂)_nN(R₁₂R₁₃), CH₂Y(CH₂)_nN(R₁₂R₁₃),

25 C₁-C₄ alkyl and (CH₂)_nC(O)OR₁₂;

X is a naphthyl group or a five- or six-membered saturated
or unsaturated heterocyclic group containing one or more
heteroatoms, which heteroatoms may be the same or different

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- and are independently selected from O, N and S; the heteroatom(s) when nitrogen being optionally substituted by hydrogen, methyl, oxygen, tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl, $-(CH_2)_nCH_2OH$ or SO_2Me ; the heterocyclic ring being
- 5 optionally substituted by halogen, Me, MeS, phenyl, $O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$, $-N(R_{12})(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $-(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or $-O(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, or the heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more carbonyl groups and being optionally fused to a benzene ring, which benzene ring is optionally
- 10 substituted by 1 or 2 C_1-C_6 alkoxy groups;
- Y is O or S;
- Z is a C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl group;
- R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C_1-C_6 alkyl;
- 15 R_{15} and R_{16} , which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or R_{15} and R_{16} form, together with the atom to which they are attached, a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group;
- W is hydrogen or a phenyl group;
- 20 V is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups independently selected from nitro, alkoxy and $O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$;
- m and n are each, independently, 0 or an integer having the value 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- 25 $O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$ or containing one or more carbonyl groups and being optionally fused to a benzene ring;
- Z is a C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl group;
- R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which may be the same or different, are

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hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

W is hydrogen or a phenyl group;

V is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups independently selected from nitro, alkoxy and

5 O(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃; and

m and n are, independently, integers having the values 1, 2, 3 or 4;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein one or
10 both of R₁ and R₂, which may be the same or different, is chosen from X and a phenyl group substituted by X, C(O)X, OC(O)CH₂X, OCH₂CH₂X, CH₂X or which is fused to a group X; X is a five- or six-membered heterocyclic ring containing one or two heteroatoms, which may be the same or different,
15 independently selected from O, N and S, the heteroatoms(s) when nitrogen being optionally substituted by hydrogen, methyl, oxygen, tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl, or SO₂Me, the heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted by hydrogen, methyl, phenyl, O(CH₂)_nN(R₁₂R₁₃) or optically containing one
20 or more carbonyl groups and being optionally fused to a benzene ring; Y, R₁₂, R₁₃ and n are as defined in claim 1.

3. A compound according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R₁₂ and R₁₃, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C₁-C₃ alkyl and n is an integer of value 1 or
25 2.

4. A compound according to claim 1, 2, or 3 wherein one of R₁ and R₂ is a phenyl group which is substituted by X, C(X), OCO(O)CH₂X, OCH₂CH₂X, CH₂X or which

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is fused to a group X; wherein X is a five- or six-membered heterocyclic ring containing one or two heteroatoms which may be the same or different, independently selected from O, N and S, the heteroatoms(s) when nitrogen being

5 optionally substituted by methyl, the heterocyclic ring being optionally fused to a benzene ring.

5. A compound according to claim 1, wherein one of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group substituted by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$, $OC(O)(CH_2)_nZ$, $CH(OR_{12})(OR_{13})$, $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$;

10 wherein R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which may be the same or different, are independently selected from hydrogen or C_1 - C_3 alkyl; Z is a C_5 or C_6 cycloalkyl group; and m and n are, independently, integers having the values 1, 2 or 3.

15 6. A compound according to claim 1 or 5, wherein R_{12} , R_{13} and R_{14} , which may be the same or different, are independently selected from hydrogen and C_1 - C_2 alkyl; Z is a cyclopentyl group; and m and n are, independently, integers having the values of 1
20 or 2.

7. A compound selected from
1926 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-imidazolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
1930 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene)-
25 2,5-piperazinedione.
1929 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(1-imidazolylmethyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
1959 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-

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- methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione hydrochloride.
- 1927 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(5-methylimidazolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1921 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-
- 5 dimethylaminocinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1976 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1910 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-imidazolylethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 1923 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-nitrocinnamylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1657 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Aminomethylbenzylidene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1491 Methyl (3Z,6Z)-3-benzylidene-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-
- 15 2-oxo-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-5-pyrazonyloxyacetate.
- 1693 (3Z,6Z)-3-(1-methanesulfonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1886 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(4-phthalimidoacetoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 1922 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(γ -phenylcinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1618 (3Z,6Z)-3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-6-(2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1560 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,6-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(1-tert-
- 25 butoxycarbonyl-3-indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1950 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-methoxycinnamylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1975 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-

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- (4-(1-imidazolylmethyl)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1983 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-N-methyl-N-(4-(N-methylpiperidinyl))aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 1509 ((3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3-indolylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1542 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,6-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1545 (3Z,6Z)-3-(3-Indoxylmethylene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 1560 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,6-Dichlorobenzylidene)-6-(3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1507 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 1506 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3-(1-tert-butoxyarbonyl)indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1471 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)indolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1474 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Mehtoxybenzylidene)-6-(2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 1476 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1672 (3Z,6Z)-3-(Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-cyclohexylmethylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 25 1676 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-cinnamylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1891 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(diethoxymethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

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- 1982 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(4-(N-methyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)aminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione hydrochloride.
- 1884 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-cyclohexylmethylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 1845 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Acetamidobenzylidene)-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1718 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2-Indolylmethylene)-6-(4-methoxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 1808 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1809 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 1470 (3Z,6Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-(2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolyl)methylene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 5023 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-Dimethylaminomethylbenzylidene)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5026 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)methylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 5030 (3Z,6Z)-3-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-6-(4-(1-imidazolyl)benzylidene).
- 5367 (2-(4-((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline.
- 25 5386 N-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)ethyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

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- 5397 N-(4-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)butyl)-4-
((3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-
dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.
- 5027 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
5 (4-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5028 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
(3-pyridylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5041 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
furfurylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 5042 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
(3-Thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5046 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
(2-Thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5052 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
15 (3-Furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5188 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
(2-Naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5200 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(3-Dimethylaminopropoxy)benzylidene)-3-
(1-Naphthylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 5032 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(3-dimethylamino-2-
hydroxypropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5040 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-
morpholinopropoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5057 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-(1-
25 imidazolyl)propoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5043 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-hydroxy-3-(4-(2-
hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazinyl)propoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-
piperazinedione.

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- 5062 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-Furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5071 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5 5072 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)benzylidene)-3-(5-methylthio-2-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5054 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5055 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 10 5053 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy)benzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5069 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxymethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 15 5077 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxymethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5074 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 20 5079 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2-Bromobenzylidene)-6-(4-dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 5081 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-Dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.
- 25 5061 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-dimethylaminoacetamidomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-

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piperazinedione.

5073 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-

Dimethylaminoethylthiomethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-furylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

5 5078 (3Z,6Z)-6-(4-(2-

Dimethylaminoethylthiomethyl)benzylidene)-3-(3-thenylidene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

1912 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-

dimethylaminoacetamidoaminomethylbenzylidene)-2,5-

10 piperazinedione.

5324 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

5327 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

15 5335 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

5388 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)ethoxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

20 5389 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(6-dimethylaminohexyloxy)-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

5299 (3Z,6Z)-6-Benzylidene-3-(5-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)methylamino-2-thienylmethylene)-2,5-piperazinedione.

25 5075 (3Z,6Z)-3-(2,5-Dichloro-3-thenylidene)-6-benzylidene-2,5-piperazinedione.

5371 N-(4-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)butyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-

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piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

5391 N-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)ethyl)-4-

((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-

piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

5 5394 N-(3-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-isoquinolyl)propoyl)-4-

((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-dioxo-3-

piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

5393 N-(4-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-

isoquinolyl)ethyl)phenyl-4-((3Z,6Z)-6-benzylidene-2,5-

10 dioxo-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

5402 N-(4-(2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-2-

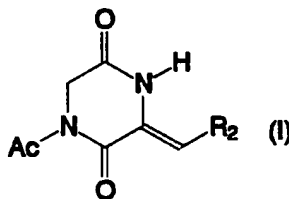
isoquinolyl)ethyl)phenyl)-4-((3Z,6Z)-2,5-dioxo-6-(4-

nitrobenzylidene)-3-piperazinylidene)methylbenzamide.

8. A pharmaceutical or veterinary composition
15 comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily acceptable
carrier or diluent and, as an active principle, a compound
as defined in claim 1.

9. A process for preparing a compound of formula
(A) as defined in claim 1, the process comprising:

20 (a) condensing a compound of formula (I):



25

wherein R₂ are as defined in claim 1 and is optionally
protected, with a compound of formula (II):

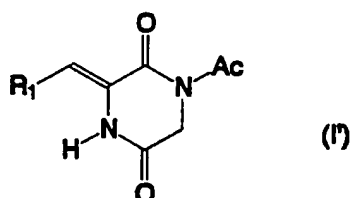


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wherein R_1 is as defined in claim 1 and is optionally protected, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; or

(b) condensing a compound of formula (I'):

5



wherein R_1 is as defined in claim 1 and are optionally protected with a compound of formula (III):

10

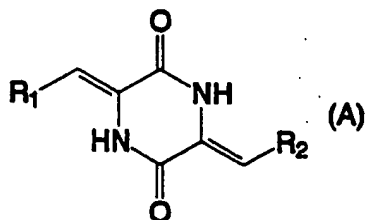


wherein R_2 is as defined in claim 1 and is optionally protected, in the presence of a base in an organic solvent; and

(c) if required, removing optionally present protecting groups, and/or, if desired, converting one compound of formula A into another compound of formula A, and/or, if desired, converting a compound of formula A into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, and/or, if desired, converting a salt or ester into a free compound, and/or, if desired, separating a mixture of isomers into the single isomers.

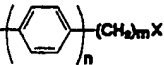
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10. Use of a diketopiperazine of formula (A):



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wherein one or both of R_1 and R_2 , which may be the same or different, is:

- (I) X , or a phenyl group which is substituted by X ,
 $C(O)X$, $OC(O)CH_2X$, OCH_2CH_2X , CH_2X , $CONH(CH_2)_nX$,
 5 $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nX$ or $-CO_2NH-$  $(CH_2)_mX$

or which is fused to a group X ;

- (II) a phenyl group substituted by $CH_2NR_{12}R_{13}$,
 $OC(O)(CH_2)_nZ$, $CH(OR_{12})(OR_{13})$, $(CH_2)_nNR_{14}C(O)(CH_2)_mNR_{12}R_{13}$ or
 10 $O(CH_2)_nCH(OH)(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$;
 (III) a group $CH=C(W)V$; or
 (IV) a cyclohexyl group;

and where appropriate, the other of R_1 and R_2 is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups

- 15 independently selected from halogen, nitro, methoxy,
 $NHC(O)R_{12}$, CO_2H , $O(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ and $CH_2Y(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$;
 R_3 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or $(CH_2)_nC(O)OR_{12}$;

- X is a naphthyl group or a five- or six-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic group containing one or more
 20 heteroatoms, which heteroatoms may be the same or different and are independently selected from O, N and S; the heteroatom(s) when nitrogen being optionally substituted by hydrogen, methyl, oxygen, tertiary-butyloxycarbonyl,
 $-(CH_2)_nCH_2OH$ or SO_2Me ; the heterocyclic ring being
 25 optionally substituted by halogen, Me, MeS, phenyl,
 $O(CH_2)_nNR_{12}R_{13}$, $-N(R_{12})(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, $-(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$ or
 $-O(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_nN(R_{12}R_{13})$, or the heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more carbonyl groups and being optionally

- 90 -

fused to a benzene ring, which benzene ring is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 C₁-C₆ alkoxy groups;

Y is O or S;

Z is a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group;

- 5 R₁₂, R₁₃ and R₁₄, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

W is hydrogen or a phenyl group;

V is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more groups independently selected from nitro, alkoxy and

- 10 O(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃;

m and n are each, independently, 0 or an integer having the value 1, 2, 3 or 4;

O(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃ or containing one or more carbonyl groups and being optionally fused to a benzene ring;

- 15 Z is a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group;

R₁₂, R₁₃ and R₁₄, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

W is hydrogen or a phenyl group;

V is a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more

- 20 groups independently selected from nitro, alkoxy and

O(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃;

m and n are, independently, integers having the values 1, 2, 3 or 4;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof; in

- 25 the manufacture of a medicament for use as an inhibitor of plasminogen activator inhibitor.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern. Application No
PCT/GB 95/00302

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 6 C07D241/02 C07D401/06 C07D405/06 A61K31/495

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| A | DE,C,621 862 (I. G. WERK) 14 November 1935 see claims; example 5 --- | 1 |
| P,A | WO,A,94 04512 (XENOVA) 3 March 1994 see the whole document --- | 1-10 |
| A | CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 97, no. 6, 1982, Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 40323s, page 70 ; see abstract | 1 |
| A | & JP,A,8 247 357 (RICOH) 18 March 1982 --- -/-- | 1 |

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
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T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

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& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

6 April 1995

Date of mailing of the international search report

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern. Patent Application No
PCT/GB 95/00302

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| A | CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 98, no. 28, 1983, Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 160674z, M.L. BARON ET AL. 'THE REACTION OF PIPERAZINE-2,5-DIONE WITH 2-FORMYLBENZOIC ACID.' page 511 ; see abstract | 1,9 |
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Inter. Application No

PCT/GB 95/00302

| Patent document cited in search report | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | Publication date |
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| WO-A-9404512 | 03-03-94 | AU-B- 4726493 | 15-03-94 |
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| | | WO-A- 9404513 | 03-03-94 |
| JP-A-8247357 | | NONE | |